

# CTL036 ELECTRONIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL CONVERSION KIT INSTALLATION MANUAL

This manual outlines the procedures necessary to mount and wire the electronic temperature control conversion kits per specific JEWETT Model. Refer to the section below that pertains to the model of refrigerator that you are installing the control on.

REFER TO	KITK#	MODEL
Section I	$\mathbf{A}$	BBR17-55, CR25-55, LR17-55 & PR17-55
Section II	В	CT1, MFC5 & UC5B
Section III	$\mathbf{C}$	BB1 & BR1
Section IV	D	BB2 & BR2
Section V	E	BBWM2-10 & WM2-10

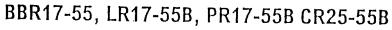
**DANGER!** <u>DO NOT</u> DRILL INTO THE CABINET, ELECTRICAL WIRES WITHIN THE INSULATION MAY BE STRUCK CAUSING AN ELECTRICAL SHORT!

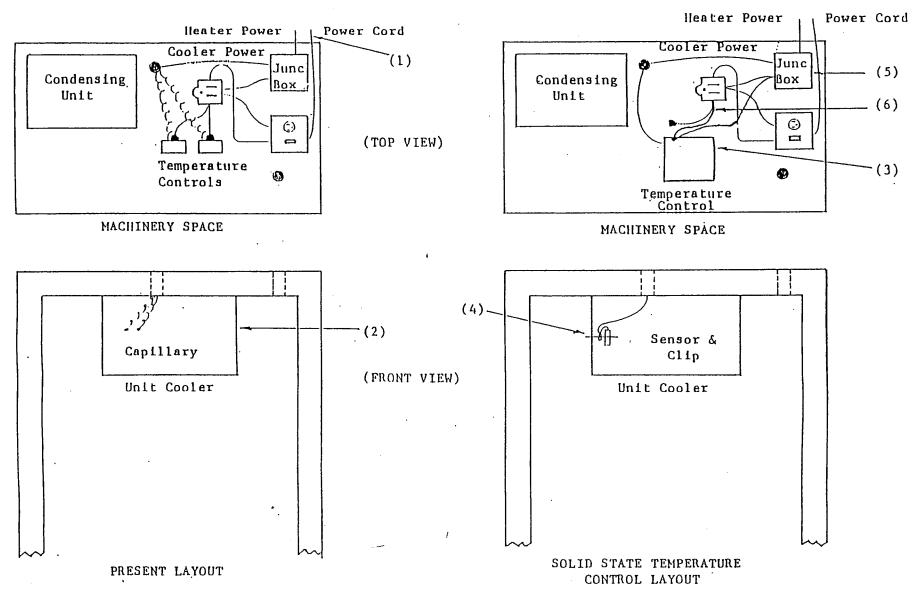
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#### **SECTION I**

#### BBR17-55, LR17B-55B, PR17B-55B, CR25B-55B

- (1) Disconnect power.
- (2) Remove the present capillary tube control(s) and mounting bracket(s) from the refrigerator. To do so, the unit cooler fan face must be removed. Note the route of the control capillary because the electronic temperature control sensor wire will use the same route.
- (3) Install the electronic temperature control in the compressor compartment at the top of the refrigerator cabinet using the double sided tape on the back of the control case. **IMPORTANT!** To assure suitable adhesion of the tape, the area where the control is to be mounted should be cleaned thoroughly with alcohol.
- (4) Route the sensor wires along the same path of the removed capillary as noted in step 2. \*Mount the temperature sensor vertically, centered, on the left inside wall of the unit cooler by drilling a 3/16" hole through the unit cooler wall and utilizing the nylon standoff clip. Carefully, reattach the unit cooler fan face, making sure no wires impede the movement of the fan blade. Route the sensor wires into the control and connect them to the screw terminals marked for the sensor on the printed circuit board.
  - \*NOTE: New sensor will no longer be inserted into the fins of the evaporator coil.
- (5) To power the electronic control, splice into the power supply in the junction box. Route the spliced wires into the electronic control. Using the spade terminals, connect the wires to either the 115V & Common posts or 220V & Common posts of the printed circuit board. Use the correct combination depending on your line voltage.
- (6) To wire the controller relay, cut the square female plug off of one of the old control wires. Using the spade terminals, connect the wires to the N.O. (normally open) and C (common) post on the printed circuit board. <a href="MPORTANT!">MPORTANT!</a> Tape the end of the other plug securely as it will no longer be required.
- (7) Turn the "SET POINT" knob to number 6. The numbers are for index only and do not relate to temperature. Turn the "DIFFERENTIAL" knob counter-clockwise to the 2nd mark from full counter-clockwise position.
- (8) The refrigerator is now ready for operation.





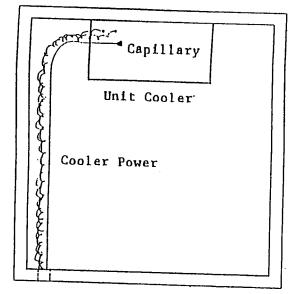
# SECTION II CT1, UC5B & MFC5

- (1) Disconnect power.
- (2) Remove the present capillary tube control(s) and mounting bracket(s) from the refrigerator. To do so, the unit cooler fan face must be removed. Note the route of the control capillary because the electronic temperature control sensor wire will use the same route.
- (3) Install the electronic temperature control in the compressor compartment at the bottom of the refrigerator cabinet, on the right hand wall using the double sided tape on the back of the control case. <a href="MPORTANT!">IMPORTANT!</a> To assure suitable adhesion of the tape, the area where the control is to be mounted should be cleaned thoroughly with alcohol.
- (4) Replace the present wiring harness with the one provided. Locate the long wire with the rubber female plug. Route this wire through the sleeve in the bottom of the cabinet to the unit cooler. Route the sensor along the same path to the unit cooler. Mount the temperature sensor vertically, centered, on the left inside wall of the unit cooler by drilling a 3/16" hole through the unit cooler wall and utilizing the nylon standoff clip. Carefully, reattach the unit cooler fan face, making sure no wires impede the movement of the fan blade. Route the sensor wires into the control and connect them to the screw terminals marked for the sensor on the printed circuit board.

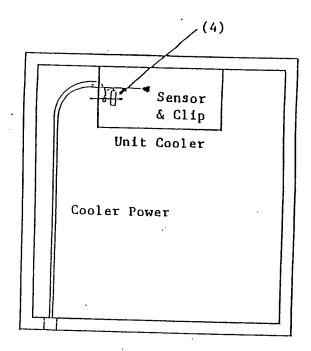
\*NOTE: New sensor will no longer be inserted into the fins of the evaporator coil.

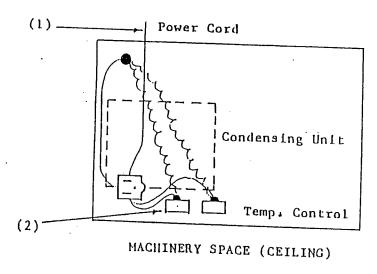
- (5) To power the control, locate the wire that exits the harness block with the power cord and route this wire into the control. Using the spade terminals, connect the wires to either the 115V & Common posts or the 220V & Common posts on the printed circuit board. Use the correct combination depending on your line voltage.
- (6) Connect the last two conducter wire with spade terminals to the N.O. & Common connections on the control board.
- (7) Turn the "SET POINT" knob to number 6. The numbers are for index only and do not relate to temperature. Turn the "DIFFERENTIAL" knob counter-clockwise to the 2nd mark from full counter-clockwise position.
- (8) The refrigerator is now ready for operation.

CT1, UC5B, MFC5

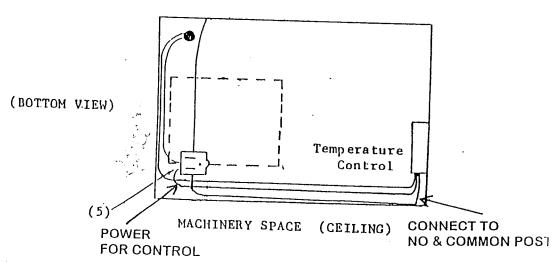


(FRONT VIEW)





Power Cord



PRESENT LAYOUT

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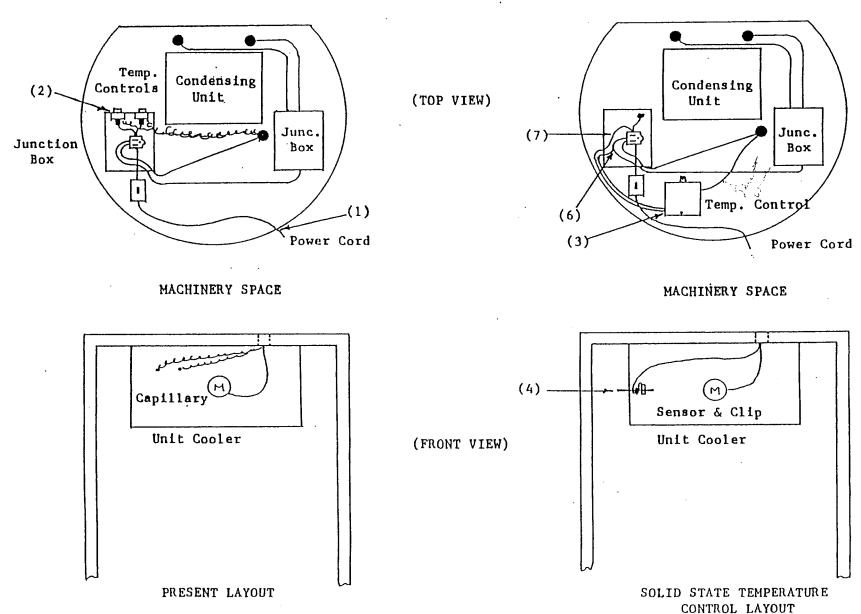
SOLID STATE TEMPERATURE
CONTROL LAYOUT

PRF138

# SECTION III BB1 & BR1

- (1) Disconnect power.
- (2) Remove the present capillary tube control(s) and mounting bracket(s) from the refrigerator. To do so, the unit cooler fan face must be removed. Note the route of the control capillary because the electronic temperature control sensor wire will use the same route.
- (3) Install the electronic control in the compressor compartment on top of the refrigerator. Fasten the control to the wood top using the two #10 X 3/4" screws provided.
- (4) Route the control sensor down the access sleeve to the unit cooler. Mount the temperature sensor vertically, centered, on the left inside wall of the unit cooler by drilling a 3/16" hole through the unit cooler wall and utilizing the nylon standoff clip. Carefully, reattach the unit cooler fan face, making sure no wires impede the movement of the fan blade. Route the sensor wires into the control and connect them to the screw terminals marked for the sensor on the printed circuit board.
  - \*NOTE: New sensor will no longer be inserted into the fins of the evaporator coil.
- (5) To power the controller, splice into the power supply in the junction box. Route the spliced wires into the electronic control. Using the spade terminals, connect the wires to either the 115V & Common posts or the 220V & Common posts on the printed circuit board. Use the correct combination depending on your line voltage.
- (6) To wire the controller relay, cut the square female plug off of one of the old control wires. Using the spade terminals, connect the wires to the N.O. (normally open) and C (common) post on the printed circuit board.
  <u>IMPORTANT!</u> Tape the end of the other plug securely as it will no longer be required.
- (7) Turn the "SET POINT" knob to number 6. The numbers are for index only and do not relate to temperature. Turn the "DIFFERENTIAL" knob counter-clockwise to the 2nd mark from full counter-clockwise position.
- (8) The refrigerator is now ready for operation.

#### BB1 & BR1



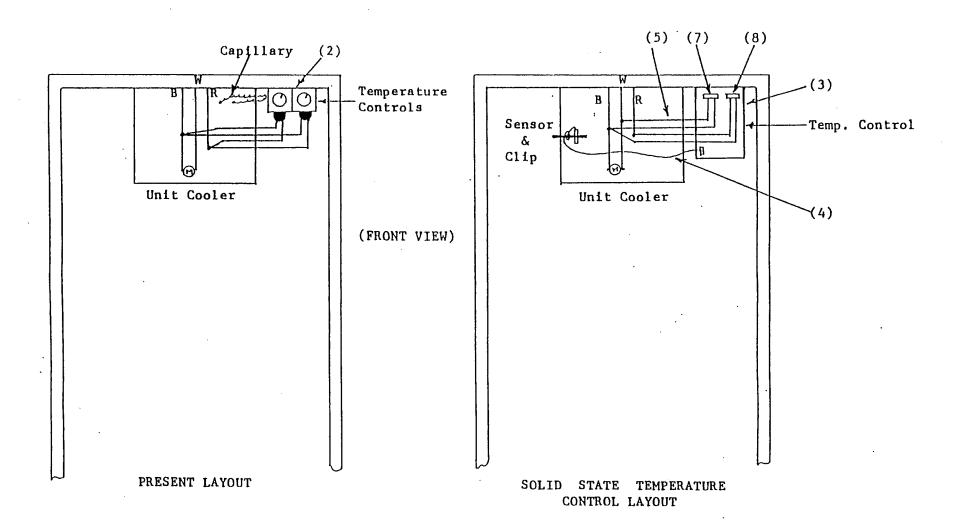
#### **SECTION IV**

#### BB2, BR2

- (1) Disconnect power.
- (2) Remove the present capillary tube control(s) and mounting bracket(s) from the refrigerator. To do so, the unit cooler fan face must be removed. Note the route of the control capillary because the electronic temperature control sensor wire will use the same route.
- (3) Using the two pieces of two-way tape (supplied), mount the new CTL036 control to the ceiling of the interior where the cap tube controls had been located.

  IMPORTANT! To assure suitable adhesion of the tape, the area where the control is to be mounted should be cleaned thoroughly with alcohol.
- (4) Route the sensor wire into the unit cooler. Mount the temperature sensor vertically, centered, on the left inside wall of the unit cooler by drilling a 3/16" hole through the unit cooler wall and utilizing the nylon standoff clip. Route the sensor wires into the control and connect them to the screw terminals marked for the sensor on the printed circuit board.
  - \*NOTE: New sensor will no longer be inserted into the fins of the evaporator coil.
- (5) To power the control, splice into the power supply to the fan inside the unit cooler. Route the spliced wires into the electronic control. Using the spade terminals, connect the wires to either the 115V & Common posts or the 220V & Common posts on the printed circuit board. Use the correct combination depending on your line voltage.
- (6) To wire the controller relay, cut the square female plug off of one of the old control wires. Using the spade terminals, connect the wires to the N.O. (normally open) and C (common) post on the printed circuit board. <a href="MPORTANT!">IMPORTANT!</a> Tape the end of the other plug securely as it will no longer be required. Carefully, reattach the unit cooler fan face, making sure no wires impede the movement of the fan blade.
- (7) Turn the "SET POINT" knob to number 6. The numbers are for index only and do not relate to temperature. Turn the "DIFFERENTIAL" knob counter-clockwise to the 2nd mark from full counter-clockwise position.
- (8) The refrigerator is now ready for operation.

#### BB2, BR2



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#### **SECTION V**

#### **BBWM & WMB**

- Disconnect power.
- (2) Remove the present capillary tube control(s) and mounting bracket(s) from the refrigerator. To do so, the unit cooler fan face must be removed. Note the route of the control capillary because the electronic temperature control sensor wire will use the same route.
- (3) Install the electronic temperature control in the compressor compartment using the double sided tape on the back of the control case. <a href="MPORTANT!">IMPORTANT!</a> To assure suitable adhesion of the tape, the area where the control is to be mounted should be cleaned thoroughly with alcohol.
- (4) Route the control sensor through the access sleeve to the unit cooler. Mount the temperature sensor vertically, centered, on the left inside wall of the unit cooler by drilling a 3/16" hole through the unit cooler wall and utilizing the nylon standoff clip. Carefully, reattach the unit cooler fan face, making sure no wires impede the movement of the fan blade. Route the sensor wires into the control and connect them to the screw terminals marked for the sensor on the printed circuit board.
  - \*NOTE: New sensor will no longer be inserted into the fins of the evaporator coil.
- (5) To power the controller, splice into the power supply in the junction box. Route the spliced wires into the electronic control. Using the spade terminals, connect the wires to either the 115V & Common posts or the 220V & Common posts on the printed circuit board. Use the correct combination depending on your line voltage.
- (6) To wire the controller relay, cut the square female plug off of one of the old control wires. Using the spade terminals, connect the wires to the N.O. (normally open) and C (common) post on the printed circuit board.

  IMPORTANT! Tape the end of the other plug securely as it will no longer be required.
- (7) Turn the "SET POINT" knob to number 6. The numbers are for index only and do not relate to temperature. Turn the "DIFFERENTIAL" knob counter-clockwise to the 2nd mark from full counter-clockwise position.
- (8) The refrigerator is now ready for operation.

#### BBWM & WMB $\boldsymbol{G}$ Power Cord Power Cord (TOP VIEW) Condensing **-**(6) Condensing Unit Unit Temp. Contr -Junction Box (3) (7) Temperature Control MACHINERY SPACE MACHINERY SPACE $(\tilde{5})$ Junction Box (4)Moderation Capillary Sensor<del>-</del> δ, Unit Cooler (FRONT VIEW) Clip Unit Cooler PRESENT LAYOUT

REV. 7/97

SOLID STATE TEMPERATURE CONTROL LAYOUT

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR SETTING SOLID STATE TEMPERATURE CONTROL - CTL036

#### **OPERATION**

This control is a single stage, solid state temperature control. It utilizes a thermistor sensor, a setpoint dial and a differential dial to drive a relay that closes the circuit on an increase in temperature and opens the circuit on a decrease in temperature. This controls the "cut-in" and "cut-out" of the condensing unit.

#### SETPOINT DIAL

Turning the dial knob changes the "cut-in" and "cut-out" setting, clockwise for warmer, counter-clockwise for colder.

#### DIFFERENTIAL DIAL

## NOTE: THE FOLLOWING ADJUSTMENTS ARE TO BE MADE BY AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY.

Turning the dial knob changes the "cut-in" only, the "cut-out" remains the same. Turn the dial knob clockwise for wider differential and counter-clockwise for a narrower differential.

TEMPERATURE SETTINGS

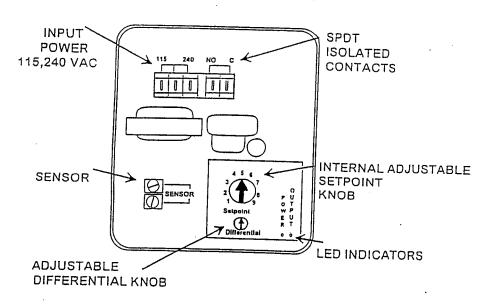
CUT-IN

CUT-OUT

5° C. (41° F.)

1.5° C. (35° F.)

Place a thermocouple or thermistor from a remote reading thermometer in the return air flow in front of the unit cooler fan guard. Make sure that it does not touch any metal surface. Adjust the setpoint and differential dials as needed. Sufficient time should be allowed between adjustments so that the system can balance out.



Problem	Possible Cause	What to Check					
"PWR" Lamp not Lit	No AC Power	AC Supply and Power Wiring					
"OUTPUT" Lamp Permanently ON or OFF	Sensor Temperature Above or Below Setpoint Range.	Disconnect sensor wiring from Terminal Block and measure resistance across wires with an ohmmeter. Use the					
	or Sensor or Sensor Wiring Shorted or Open.	Temp./Resistance Chart to calculate sensor temperature and compare with actual temperature.					
"OUTPUT" Lamp working but devise not operating.	Incorrect wiring of output relay contacts, or No supply to load.	Output wiring and supply to load.					

## Temperature vs. Resistance (°F vs. ohms) 10,000 ohm Thermistor @ 77°F

-F		DHMS	<b>.</b> F		DHMZ	<b>"</b> F		DHMS	°F		OHMZ	F		DHMS	] F		SAKO	<del>-</del> ا		OHM
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-27	•	210723	10	•	<b>≅</b> 4≌	47	•	21573	84	•		121		3679	15		1753	194 195		917
-26		203454	11		50514	48		21000	25		8250	IZZ		3532	155		1733	195	•	901
-25	•	196462	12	•	58753	49	•	20445	86	•	BC57	iz		2527	16		1688	195	•	886 871
-24.		189735	13		57000	50		12206	87		•7859	124		2452	161		1685	157	•	87 I 857
-23	•	183253	14	•	55332	51	•	19323	88	•	7585	125		2727	15		1625	199	•	842
-22		177025	15		53587	52		18876	89		7507	128		3312	15	-	1595	200	_	82B
-21	•	171041	16	•	52096	53	•	18383	90	•	7333	127		324	16-		1566	201	•	814
-20		165271 .	17		50553	54		17905	91		7155	128		3177	153		1537	202		801
-19	•	159716	18	•	49071	55	•	17440	92	•	7000	129	•	3112	168		1509	203		-788
-18		154368	19		47833	56		16990	93		6833	120		3048	167		1481	204		775
-17	•	149218	20	•	46241	57	•	16553	94	•	6683	131	•	2555	163	•	1454	205	•	762
-15		144258	21		11505	58		16128	95		6531	132		2925	165		1427	206		749
-15	•	139481	72	•	42503	\$3	•	15715	96	•	6383	133	•	2855	170	•	1402	207	•	737
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- 9	•	114260	28	•	25614	55	•	13477	102	•	5570	139	•	2538	176	•	1257 -	213	•	668
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- 7	•	107015	30	•	34574	57	•	12812	104	•	5326	141	•	2439	178	•	1213	215	•	647
6		103586	31		33602	- 58		12494	105	•	5208	142		2391	179		1191	216		E37
- 5	•	100278	32	•	32560	E3	•	12125	105	•	5094	143	•	Z44	180	•	1170	217	•	527
- 4		97088	33		31748	70		11884	107		4982	144		2298	181		1150	218		617
- 3	•	94010	34	•	20864	71	•	11592	108	•	4873	145	•	2253	182	•	1129	219	•	<b>ඩ</b> 7
- 2		91041	25		30008	72		11308	109		4767	146		2209	183		1110	-, 220		597
- 1	•	28176	35	•	29179	73	•	11032	110	•	46च	147	•	2166	184	•	1090	` zzı	•	528
٥		E5410	37		ZE375	74		10763	111	•	4552	148		2124	125		1071	722		579
1	•	82742	33	•	27597	75	•	10502	112	•	4464	149	•	2083	186	•	1053	223	•	570
2		80166	29		26341	76		10248	113		4368	150		2043	187		1025	224		561
3	•	77679	40	•	25109	77	•	10000	114	•	4274	151		2004	128	•	1017	225	•	552
4	_	75277	41		25400	78		9760	115		4183	152		1966	189		999	226		543
5	•	72959	42	•	24712	79	•	9526	116	••		153	•	1928	190	•	982	227	•	535
6	_	70719	43		24045	80		9299	117		4006	154		1891	191		9£5	228		527
7	•	68557	44	•	Z2299	81	•	9078	118	•	3922	155		1856	192	•	949	229	•	519
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#### **Important**

For your future reference and when contacting the factory, please have the following information readily available:

Model Number:	
Serial Number:	·
Date Purchased:	

The above information can be found on the dataplate attached to the equipment. If available, please provide the date purchased, the source of purchase (specific agent/rep organization), and purchase order number.

#### **IF YOU NEED ASSISTANCE:**

#### SALES DIVISION

Phone:

828/658-4455 800/879-7767

828/645-0363

LABORATORY PARTS and SERVICE

Phone:

FAX:

800/438-4851

FAX:

828/658-2576

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Phone:

800/438-4851

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