

# Model 3100 Series

Forma Series II Water Jacket CO<sub>2</sub> Incubator

Operating and Maintenance Manual 7053110 Rev. 7

Visit us online to register your warranty www.thermoscientific.com/labwarranty



Model	CO2 Sensor*	02	Voltage **	Temp Max
3110	T/C	No	115	55C
3111	T/C	No	230	55C
3120	IR	No	115	50C
3121	IR	No	230	50C
3130	T/C	Yes	115	45C
3131	T/C	Yes	230	45C
3140	IR	Yes	115	45C
3141	IR	Yes	230	45C

Table 1. Single Chamber Models

\*T/C is a thermal conductivity sensor. IR is an infrared sensor.

\*\*All units are 50/60 Hz.

#### MANUAL NUMBER 7053110

7	ECNM-002047	07/15/22	Updated the Shelf count in page 7-2.	TFI
6	ECNM-001240	10/27/21	Updated Door alignment step 24 in Section Reversing the Door Swing in page 5-7.	TFI
5	ECNM-001514	06/04/21	Added EMC statements in preface page iv.	TFI
4	ECNM-000906	02/22/21	Replaced part number 400202 with 400218 in page 8-1, updated Assembly drawing in page 8-4 and Electrical drawing in page 9-1 to 9-6.	TFI
3	ECNM-001141	09/29/2020	Added Tubing Inspection details to Preventive Maintenance section in page 4-5.	TFI
2	40087/IN-4743	7/28/16	Changed label on remote alarm artwork to note - pg 6-1	CCS
1	40421	11/2/15	Added risk assessment information	CCS
0	27988/IN-4478	4/7/14	Release 7 - Original	CCS
REV	ECR/ECN	DATE	DESCRIPTION	Ву



**Important** Read this operating manual. Failure to read, understand and follow the instructions in this manual may result in damage to the unit, injury to operating personnel, and poor equipment performance. s

Warning All internal adjustments and maintenance must be performed by qualified service personnel. s

Material in this manual is for information purposes only. The contents and the product it describes are subject to change without notice. Thermo Fisher Scientific makes no representations or warranties with respect to this manual. In no event shall Thermo be held liable for any damages, direct or incidental, arising out of or related to the use of this manual.

#### Intended Use:

The Thermo Scientific Water-jacketed CO<sub>2</sub> incubators listed in this manual are intended to provide an environment with controlled temperature and Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) as well as elevated humidity (RH) for the growth of microbiological samples or mammalian cells for research (FDA Class 1), and IVF and other regulated cell therapy applications (FDA Class 2). Certain models also control Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) at suppressed levels via the injection of Nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>).

For FDA Class 1 applications, the intended end user is a laboratory / medical professional trained in basic safety and cell culture practices. For FDA Class 2 applications, the intended user is a trained Laboratory Technician whose qualifications include a bachelor's or master'ss degree in chemical, physical, biological, medical technology, clinical or reproductive laboratory science from an accredited institution.

These incubators are designed to be used indoors only and operate 24 hours per day - 7 days per week, but should be shut down regularly to be disinfected to prevent contamination, maintained per the instructions for use, and calibrated to retain optimum system performance.

#### Non - Intended use:

These incubators are not intended for use by the general public.

These units are not intended for use within the patient environment. These units are not to be used outdoors.

These incubators are not designed to provide  $O_2$  levels greater than 20% and as such should never be connected to  $O_2$  as it is highly flammable in elevated concentrations. These units are not designed to be used with Liquid  $CO_2$  or Liquid  $N_2$ . These units should not be used with any flammable or toxic materials.

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Important operating and/or maintenance instructions. Read the accompanying text carefully.



Potential electrical hazards. Only qualified persons should perform procedures associated with this symbol.



Equipment being maintained or serviced must be turned off and locked off to prevent possible injury.



Asphyxiation Hazard Warning. High concentrations of CO2 and N2 can displace oxygen and cause asphyxiation!



Lifting Hazard Warning. The incubator weighs more than 200 lbs (91 kgs). Take adequate safety measures when moving this device.



4-Person Lift. The incubator weighs more than 200 lbs (91 kgs). It is recommended that four persons lift this device together to move it.



WEEE Compliance: Thermo Fisher Scientific has contracted with companies for recycling/disposal in each EU Member State. For further information, send an email to weee.recycle@thermofisher.com.

- 4 Always use the proper protective equipment (clothing, gloves, goggles, etc.)
- 4 Always dissipate extreme cold or heat and wear protective clothing.
- 4 Always follow good hygiene practices.
- 4 Each individual is responsible for his or her own safety.

#### EMC

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device. Class A covers devices for usage in all establishments other than domestic and that are not directly connected to a low voltage power supply network, which supplies domestic environment.

#### **Consideration for Korea.**

EMC Registration is done on this equipment for business use only. It may cause interference when the product would be used in home.

사용자 안내문 이 기기는 업무용 환경에서 사용할 목적으로 적합성평가 를 받은 기기로서 가정용 환 경에서 사용하는 경우 전파간섭의 우려가 있 습니다.

#### **Consideration for EU**

This product is intended for use at locations where product is being supplied by separate power network, in most cases supplied from a high or medium voltage transformer, dedicated only for manufacturing plants or similar plants.

#### **FCC Statement**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

#### **Canada Statement:**

This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001. Cet appareil ISM est conforme à la norme NMB-001 du Canada.

#### Do You Need Information or Assistance on Thermo Scientific Products?

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1-740-373-4763	Direct
1-800-438-4851	Toll Free, U.S. and Canada
1-877-213-8051	FAX
http://www.thermofisher.com	Internet Worldwide Web Home Page
service.led.marietta@thermofisher.com	Tech Support Email Address
www.unitylabservices.com	Certified Service Web Page

Our **Sales Support** staff can provide information on pricing and give you quotations. We can take your order and provide delivery information on major equipment items or make arrangements to have your local sales representative contact you. Our products are listed on the Internet and we can be contacted through our Internet home page.

Our **Service Support** staff can supply technical information about proper setup, operation or troubleshooting of your equipment. We can fill your needs for spare or replacement parts or provide you with on-site service. We can also provide you with a quotation on our Extended Warranty for your Thermo Scientific products.

Whatever Thermo Scientific products you need or use, we will be happy to discuss your applications. If you are experiencing technical problems, working together, we will help you locate the problem and, chances are, correct it yourself...over the telephone without a service call.

When more extensive service is necessary, we will assist you with direct factory trained technicians or a qualified service organization for on-the-spot repair. If your service need is covered by the warranty, we will arrange for the unit to be repaired at our expense and to your satisfaction.

Regardless of your needs, our professional telephone technicians are available to assist you Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Eastern Time. Please contact us by telephone or fax. If you wish to write, our mailing address is:

Thermo Fisher Scientific (Asheville) LLC 401 Millcreek Road, Box 649 Marietta, OH 45750

International customers, please contact your local Thermo Scientific distributor.

#### **Warranty Notes**

#### Information You Should Know Before Requesting Warranty Service

- Locate the model and serial numbers. A serial tag is located on the unit itself.
- For equipment service or maintenance, or with technical or special application inquiries, contact Technical Services at 1-800-438-4851 or 1-740-373-4763 (USA and Canada). Outside the USA, contact your local distributor.

#### **Repairs NOT Covered Under Warranty**

- **Calibration of control parameters.** Nominal calibrations are performed at the factory; typically ±1°C for temperature, ±1% for gases, and ±5% for humidity. Our service personnel can provide precise calibrations as a billable service at your location. Calibration after a warranty repair is covered under the warranty.
- Damage resulting from use of improper quality water, chemicals or cleaning agents detrimental to equipment materials.
- Service calls for improper installation or operating instructions. Corrections to any of the following are billable services:
  - 1) electrical service connection
  - 2) tubing connections
  - 3) gas regulators
  - 4) gas tanks
  - 5) unit leveling
  - 6) room ventilation
  - 7) adverse ambient temperature fluctuations
  - 8) any repair external to the unit
- Damage resulting from accident, alteration, misuse, abuse, fire, flood, acts of God, or improper installation.
- Repairs to parts or systems resulting from unauthorized unit modifications.
- Any labor costs other than that specified during the parts and labor warranty period, which may include additional warranty on CO<sub>2</sub> sensors, blower motors, water jackets, etc.

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## Section 1 Installation and Start-Up

#### Component Name and Description

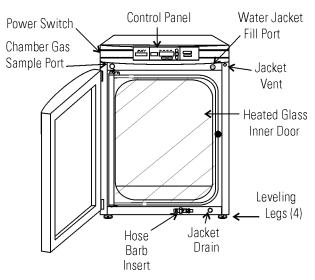


Figure 1-1. Water Jacket Incubator

- Outer Door Reversible to opposite swing (Section 5).
- Heated Inner Door Keeps chamber interior dry. Reversible to opposite swing (Section 5).
- Chamber Gas Sample Port Used for sampling chamber CO<sub>2</sub> and optional O<sub>2</sub> content for calibration (Section 2).
- Main Power Switch
- Control Panel Keypad, Displays and Indicators (Figure 1-2).
- Fill Port Used for filling the water jacket.
- Water Jacket Vent Allows air to escape from the water jacket during filling and normal expansion and contraction when the incubator heats or cools.
- Leveling Legs Used to level the unit.
- Water Jacket Drain Use hose barb insert included.

Note The incubators are stackable. Instructions follow in this section. s

### Control Panel Keys, Displays & Indicators

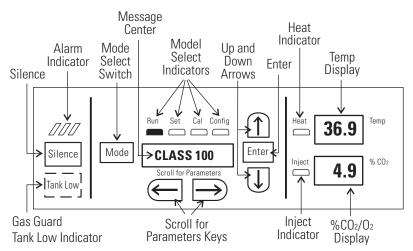


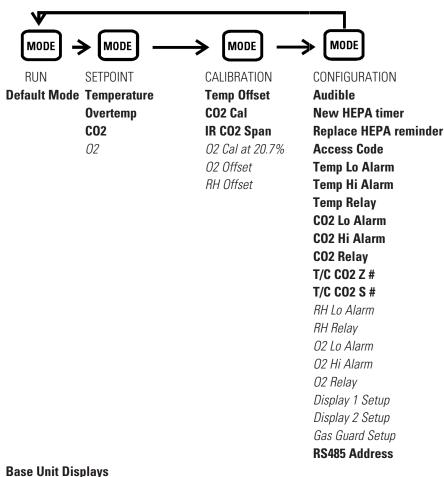
Figure 1-2. Control Panel

- Alarm Indicator Pulses on/off during an alarm condition in the cabinet.
- Silence Silences the audible alarm.
- Tank Low Indicator Used with Gas Guard, lights when gas tank is low, if applicable.
- Mode Select Switch Used to select Run, Setpoints, Calibration and System Configuration Modes.
- Message Center Displays system status.
- Mode Select Indicators Run, Set, Cal and Config Menus
- Up and Down Arrows Increases or decreases number parameter values, toggles choice parameter values.
- Enter Accepts changes to calibration settings
- Heat Indicator Lights when power is applied to heaters.
- Temp Display Can be programmed to display temperature continuously, RH continuously (with RH option) or toggle between temperature and humidity (with RH option). See Configuration Section.
- Scroll for Parameters Keys Scrolls through parameters of selected mode.
- Inject Indicator Lights when gas is injected into the chamber. If the %CO2/O2 display is continuously displaying CO<sub>2</sub>, the light indicates CO<sub>2</sub> injection only. If the %CO2/O2 display is continuously displaying O<sub>2</sub>, the light indicates N<sub>2</sub> injection. If the %CO2/O2 is toggling, either a CO<sub>2</sub> or N<sub>2</sub> injection causes the indicator to light.
- %CO2/O2 Display Can be programmed to display CO<sub>2</sub> continuously or O<sub>2</sub> continuously (on units equipped with O<sub>2</sub>), or toggle between CO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> (on units equipped with O<sub>2</sub>). See Configuration Section.

#### Control Panel Operation

The Model 3100 Series water jacket incubator has four basic modes, which allow incubator setup. The modes are as follows: Run, Setpoints, Calibration and System Configuration.

- Run is the default mode that the incubator will normally be in during operation.
- Set is used to enter system setpoints for incubator operation.
- Cal is used to calibrate various system parameters to the customer's satisfaction.
- Config is the system configuration mode that allows for custom setup of various options.
- Scroll for Parameters Arrow Keys: Steps the operator through the parameters of SET, CAL and CONFIG Modes. The right arrow goes to the next parameter, the left arrow returns to the previous parameter.
- Up Arrow: Increases or toggles the parameter value that has been selected in the SET, CAL and CONFIG Modes.
- Enter: Must press Enter key to save to memory all changed values.
- Down Arrow: Decreases or toggles the parameter values that have been selected in the SET, CAL and CONFIG Modes.
- Silence Key: Press to silence the audible alarm. See Section 4 for alarm ringback times.
- Message Center: Displays the system status (Mode) at all times. Displays CLASS 100 or SYSTEM OK during normal operation, or alarm messages if the system detects an alarm condition. See Section 4, Alarms. The display message CLASS 100 is a timing mechanism indicating that, under normal operating conditions with the HEPA filter installed, the air inside the chamber meets the Class 100 air cleanliness standard for particulates of 0.5 micron size or larger per cubic foot of air.
- Upper and Lower Displays: These 7-segment displays vary depending upon the options present and the configuration chosen. The upper display can display temp or RH, or toggle between them. The bottom display can display CO<sub>2</sub> or O<sub>2</sub>, or toggle between them. See Section 3, Configuration.



**Option Displays** 

#### Installing the Unit

1. Locate the unit on a firm, level surface capable of supporting the unit's operational weight of 365 lbs. (166 kg) plus the estimated total sample and user equipment weight. The overall space should be well ventilated and large enough that the concentration of carbon dioxide (CO2) and/or nitrogen (N2) gases cannot accumulate, thus displacing the oxygen (O2) to dangerous levels in the room. Read Connecting CO2 or N2 (O2 System) Gas Supply below carefully.

**Note** If two incubators are to be stacked, then the surface must be capable of twice the weight estimated above.

- 2. Locate the incubator away from exterior doors and windows as changes in outdoor temperatures and contact with direct sunlight can affect the anti-condensation functions of the unit.
- 3. Position the door opening away from forced air heating and cooling ducts as these can carry dust, dirt, and other contaminants into the incubator chamber, as well as negatively affect the door opening recovery time.

#### **Installing the Unit** (continued)

- 4. Maintain a minimum six inch clearance behind the unit for electrical and gas hook-up. In addition, a minimum three inch ventilation clearance is needed on each side.
- 5. It is recommended that the unit be placed on a manufacturer approved stand or roller base, not directly on the floor, as the air movement created each time the door is opened will pull dust, dirt, and other contaminants into the incubator chamber.

Warning This incubator weighs 265 lbs (120 kg) before filling the water jacket. If the unit has been in service, disconnect the power cord from both the unit and the power source, turn off all gas regulators, and disconnect all tubing and any other connections from the rear of the electronics drawer before completely draining the water jacket. Do not lift the incubator by the outer door as this could damage the hinges and/or the outer door may come loose. Note that the outer door can be removed to reduce weight and make it easier to lift the unit by its corners. Have sufficient personnel available to lift the unit into place using proper lifting techniques according to local EHS policies. Lift from both sides of the unit (left and right, not front and back) holding it from the bottom. Do not push or pull the incubator along the floor as this could damage the leveling feet. s

#### **Stacking the Incubators**

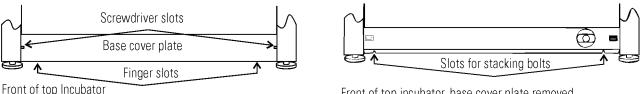
Note Stacking brackets (shown at right) and mounting hardware are included with each unit, s

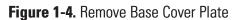
Figure 1-3. Stacking brackets

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- 1. Designate one incubator to be the top unit and the other as the bottom unit. Remove the base cover plate from the top unit using the finger holes in the base or using a slotted screwdriver (Figure 1-4).
- 2. Note the two slots in the base of the incubator which accommodate the stacking bolts. Refer to Figure 1-5.



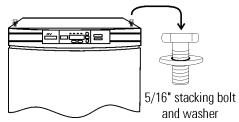


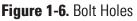
Front of top incubator, base cover plate removed

Figure 1-5. Stacking Bolt Slots

#### Stacking the Incubators (continued)

- Remove the two plastic plugs from the bolt holes in the exterior top of the bottom unit. Install the ½" long 5/16-18 stacking bolts and washers (Figure 1-6) into the bolt holes - do not tighten the bolts at this time.
- Unscrew to remove the leveling feet from the top unit. Lift it onto the bottom unit, off-setting the base of the top unit approximately 2-3 inches behind the stacking bolts and washers.
- 5. Align the sides of the top unit and bottom unit. Slide the top unit forward until the slots in the base of the top unit align with the 5/16"-18 stacking bolts in the exterior top of the bottom unit (Figure 1-7).





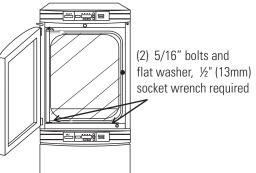


Figure 1-7. Align Slots and Bolts

6. Remove and retain the two screws from the back of the control panel on the bottom unit as identified in Figure 1-8.

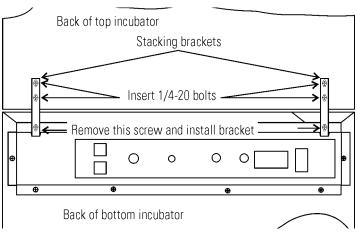


Figure 1-8. Two Screws From Control Panel Back

7. Secure the stacking brackets to the back of the bottom unit, using the retained screws (Figure 1-8). Be sure to align the brackets with the mounting holes on the back of the upper incubator. Secure the brackets to the upper unit with the <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-20 bolts provided in the stacking kit. A 7/16" wrench or socket is required for the bolts.

# Stacking the Incubators (continued)

#### **Preliminary Cleaning**

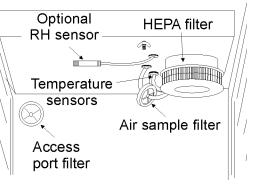
- From the unit front, secure the base of the top unit to the exterior top of the bottom unit by tightening the 5/16-18 stacking bolts using a <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" (13 mm) wrench or suitable tool. Refer to Figure 1-7.
- 9. Replace the base cover on the top unit.
- 1. Remove the protective plastic coating on the shelf supports, duct sheets, and air duct, if present.

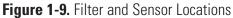
**Caution** Before using any cleaning or decontamination method except those recommended by the manufacturer, users should check with the manufacturer that the proposed method will not damage the equipment. s

2. Using a suitable laboratory disinfectant, such as quaternary ammonium, thoroughly clean all interior surfaces to remove any residues which may remain from production of the incubator. Refer to Section 5.

#### Installing Access Port Filter

Locate the opening in the top left corner of the interior chamber. Remove the tape from the opening on the outside of the unit. Locate the stopper with filter in the hardware bag. Install in the opening inside the chamber (Figure 1-9).





#### Installing Air Sample Filter

- 1. Remove the filter from the shipping bag.
- 2. Separate one section of the tubing from the filter. Install this section to the fitting on the blower plate.
- 3. After installing the top duct, connect the filter assembly to the tubing coming through the top duct.
- 4. Insert the free end of the air sample filter tubing into the larger hole in the back of the blower scroll. See Figure 1-9 for completed configuration.

Installing HEPA Filter	<b>Note</b> There are standard and Volatile Organic Chemical (VOC) HEPA filters available. Be certain to install the correct filter for the given application. See Section 8.
	<b>Caution</b> Handle the HEPA filter very carefully as the filter media can be easily damaged. Do not touch the filter media during installation. s
	1. Remove the filter from the shipping box.
	2. Remove the plastic coating from the filter and inspect the filter for any visible signs of damage.
	3. Install the filter as shown in Figure 1-9.
	4. The default HEPA filter replacement reminder was set at the factory for 6 months. See Section 3 to change the timer value.
	<b>Caution</b> To avoid damage to the incubator, do not operate the unit without the HEPA filter in place. If higher RH is needed and CLASS 100 air quality conditions are not required, use the restrictor plate instead of the HEPA filter in order to maintain proper air flow. s
Installing Shelves	1. Install the side ducts with the tabs facing into the center of the chamber with their slots up. There are no right side or left side ducts, simply rotate one of them to fit the opposite side. Tilt the side ducts as they are placed in the

chamber so the tops fit into the top air duct, then guide them into the vertical position. Figure 1-10 shows the duct as it would be oriented for the right side of

2. Referring to Figure 1-10, note that there is no difference between left and right

the chamber.

side shelf channels.

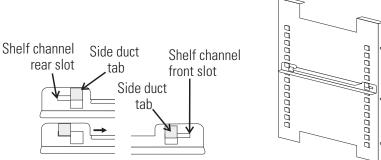
and Side Duct

Side Duct

Figure 1-10. Shelf Channels

#### Installing Shelves (continued)

- 3. Install the shelf channels by placing the channel's rear slot over the appropriate rear tab on the side duct. Pull the shelf channel forward and engage the channel's front slot into the side duct's appropriate forward tab. Refer to Figure 1-11.
- 4. Figure 1-12 shows one of the channels installed on the right side duct. Note that if a shelf is installed in any of the bottom 3 rows of side duct tabs that it will need to be removed to take out the humidity pan to clean and add water.



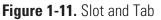


Figure 1-12. Channel Installed

5. The shelf can be installed with the sides up forming a tray that can be easily removed with all of its samples, or with the sides down allowing the samples to be carefully slid off individually. The shelf can be partially pulled out to access samples not in the front, but be careful to not pull the shelf out too far as there are no stops to prevent the shelf from falling out.

**Leveling the Unit** Check the unit for being level by placing a bubble-style level on one of the shelves. Turn hex nut on leveler counterclockwise to lengthen the leg, or clockwise to shorten it. Level the unit front-to-back and left-to-right.

Connecting Unit to<br/>Electrical PowerFor electrical specifications, see the serial tag on the side of the unit,<br/>Section 7 Specifications, or refer to the electrical schematics in Section 9 of<br/>this manual.

**Warning** Connect the incubator to a grounded dedicated circuit only. The power cord connector is the mains disconnect device for the incubator. Position the unit to allow unobstructed access to the power cord so that it can be easily disconnected in case of an emergency. s

Plug the provided power cord into the power inlet connector (Figure 1-13) and into the grounded dedicated circuit.

Filling Water Jacket	<b>Caution</b> For stacked incubators, completely fill the bottom unit before filling the top unit in order to maintain the lowest possible center of gravity. s
	Turn the power switch On. ADD WATER will appear in the message center. Press the Silence key to silence the alarm for 15 minutes. If the water jacket is empty, yet the message center does not display ADD WATER, then the liquid level switch could be faulty. Call Technical Services.
	Remove the fill port plug and set aside.
	For ease of connecting/disconnecting, use the silicone tubing provided to connect directly to the fill port. See Figure 1-1 and this detail. Do not install vinyl tubing directly onto the fill port as it may be difficult to remove. A 3/8" to 3/8" hose connector has been provided to attach lengths of vinyl tubing to the silicone fill port tubing to reach the water source, or simply attach the included funnel to manually fill using small containers.
	<b>Caution</b> Chlorine is detrimental to stainless steel. Using chlorinated tap water or additives that contain chlorine will void water jacket warranty! s
	For optimum incubator operation, the recommended water type is sterile distilled Type 2 water with a pH between 7 and 9, and a resistivity between 50 k $\Omega$ - 1 M $\Omega$ -cm (conductivity of 1-20 µS/cm). Reverse osmosis (RO), deionized (DI), and ultrapure Type 1 water can corrode stainless steel, copper, glass and other incubator components over time because high purity water with low ionic content and high resistivity will actively pull ions from these materials. If sterile distilled Type 2 water is not readily available, then these other water types could be used by adding the necessary amount of a sterile solution of weak sodium bicarbonate to raise the pH between 7 and 9 and lower the resistivity between 50 k $\Omega$ - 1 M $\Omega$ -cm (conductivity of 1-20 µS/cm).
	<b>Caution</b> Do not block the water jacket vent! s
	Carefully fill the jacket with water. Do not overfill the jacket as the excess water will pour out through the water jacket vent (see Figure 1-1).
	When the jacket is full, the audible alarm will sound a continuous tone for 10 seconds and the alarm condition will be cleared. Refer to Section 4, Table of Alarms.
	<b>Note</b> Model 3100 Series incubators are shipped from the factory with a rust inhibitor added to 0.2 gallons (0.8 liters) of water in the jacket. The rust inhibitor must be replenished every 2 years. See Section 5 to drain water from the jacket and add the correct proportion of rust

inhibitor mixture back into the jacket.

Filling Water Jacket (continued)	Disconnect the silicone tubing from the fill port, and replace the fill port plug removed above.
	<b>Warning</b> Once the jacket is full, be certain to clean up any water that may have dripped down the side of the unit or spilled onto the floor during this process to prevent a possible slip hazard. s
Filling Humidity Pan	<b>Caution</b> Use of chlorinated water, or decontamination products containing chlorine, will deteriorate the stainless steel and cause rust, voiding the warranty. s
	Fill the humidity pan to within 1/2 inch of the top with 0.8 gallons (3 liters) of water, as described in Filling Water Jacket. If the water cannot be sterilized, a 2% solution of quaternary ammonium can be used as a disinfectant additive to control bacteria and other organic contaminants, if desired. Place the pan directly in the center of the incubator floor to ensure optimum humidity and temperature response.
	For applications requiring higher humidity conditions, the pan should be placed against the left side wall of the incubator. The ductwork has been designed for this purpose. This will also accelerate humidity recovery after door openings. Even higher humidity conditions can be achieved by removing the humidity pan altogether and adding water directly to the bottom of the incubator chamber, being careful to not fill it any higher than the bottom edge of the silicone door gasket. Also the chamber gas sample port (Figure 1-1) may be capped to assist in achieving greater RH. In some ambients, this may cause condensation to form in the chamber.
	<b>Warning</b> Wipe up any excessive condensation to prevent it from dripping onto the floor creating a possible slip hazard. For stacked incubators, this may also include the drip channel (just behind the face of the control panel drawer) on the bottom unit used to direct water away from the electronics drawer. s
	<b>Warning</b> When the humidity pan is in place, be certain to clean up any water that may have spilled in the unit or onto the floor during this process, to prevent a possible slip hazard. For stacked incubators, this may also include the drip channel (just behind the face of the control panel drawer) on the bottom unit, used to direct water away from the electronics drawer. s
	<b>Caution</b> Check the level and change the water frequently to avoid contamination. Do not allow the water level to fluctuate significantly. "Dry-outs" will have an adverse effect on the humidity level as well as CO <sub>2</sub> calibration. s

#### Connecting CO<sub>2</sub> or N2 (O<sub>2</sub> System) Gas Supply

**Warning** High concentrations of CO<sub>2</sub> gas can cause asphyxiation! Refer to local EHS policies regarding employee exposure to CO<sub>2</sub>. Carbon dioxide monitors are recommended for confined areas where concentrations of carbon dioxide gas can accumulate. s

**Warning** High concentrations of  $N_2$  gas can cause aphyxiation!  $N_2$  and  $CO_2$  can displace oxygen levels in a confined atmosphere. Refer to local EHS policies regarding employee exposure to  $N_2$ . Oxygen monitors are recommended for confined areas where concentrations of  $N_2$  or  $CO_2$  may displace oxygen. s

**Note** For customer convenience, 12 feet of 1/4" ID vinyl tubing with two 3/8" hose clamps are included in the shipping materials for connecting the unit to the gas supply.

The incubator has 1/4" barbed fittings on the back of the cabinet to connect the gas supply. Refer to Figure 1-13. The fitting is labeled CO2 Inlet #1. The N2 Inlet is also labeled.

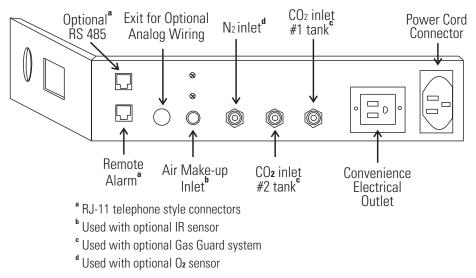


Figure 1-13. Back Panel and All Connections

Install 3/8" hose clamps to secure the 1/4" ID tubing to the barbed fittings on the regulator and the rear of the electronics drawer.

Warning Check for leaks at all connections. s

For units having the CO2 or N2 Gas Guard option, see Section 6.

**Warning** This incubator is designed to be operated with  $CO_2$  gas, or  $N_2$  in those units with an  $O_2$  control system. Connecting a flammable or toxic gas can result in a hazardous condition. Gases other than  $CO_2$  or  $N_2$  should not be connected to this equipment. s

# The CO<sub>2</sub> gas supply being connected to the incubator should be industrial grade, 99.5% pure. Do not use CO<sub>2</sub> gas cylinders equipped with siphon tubes. A siphon tube is used to extract liquid CO<sub>2</sub> from the cylinder, which can damage the pressure regulator. Consult with your gas supplier to ensure that the CO<sub>2</sub> cylinder does not contain a siphon tube. The N<sub>2</sub> gas supply being connected to the incubator should be 99.99% pure. Do not use liquid nitrogen.

A two-stage pressure regulator is required to be installed on the outlet valve of the gas cylinder. The high pressure gauge at the tank should have 0-2000 psig range and the low pressure gauge at the incubator inlet should have a 0-30 psig range. Input pressure to the incubator must be maintained at 15 psig (103.4 kPa) maximum for proper performance of the CO<sub>2</sub> or O<sub>2</sub> control system.

If higher purity CO<sub>2</sub> is desired inside the incubator (greater than 99.5% pure), the pressure regulator should be constructed with a stainless steel diaphragm along with specifying the purity of the CO<sub>2</sub> from the gas supplier. Follow the manufacturer's instructions to ensure proper and safe installation of the pressure regulator on the gas cylinder. Gas cylinders should be secured to a wall or other stationary object to prevent tipping. Position the gas cylinders to allow unobstructed access to the pressure regulators so that they can be easily turned off in case of an emergency. Consult your facility safety officer to ensure that the equipment is installed in accordance with the codes and regulations applicable in your area.

**Note** Stored product should be protected by an activated alarm system capable of initiating a timely response 24 hours/day. These alarms provide interconnect for centralized monitoring. See Factory Installed Options, Section 6 for more information.

#### **Incubator Start-Up**

Now that the incubator has been properly installed, connected to power, filled with water, humidity pan filled, and connected to gas supplies, system setpoints can be entered. The following setpoints can be entered in set mode: temperature, over temperature, CO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>. To enter Set Mode, press the Mode key until the Set indicator lights. Press the right and/or left arrow keys until the proper parameter appears in the message center. See Chart 1-1 for more detail.

**Caution** It is the responsibility of the user to validate the proper operation of each incubator in their specific application(s) with respect to unit location, operating environment and settings. s

#### Connecting CO<sub>2</sub> or N2 (O<sub>2</sub> System) Gas Supply (cont.)

#### Setting the Operating Temperature

Models 3110/3111 have an operating temperature (setpoint) range of 10 to 55°C, Models 3120/3121 at 10 to 50°C, and Models 3130/3131, 3140/3141 at 10 to 45°C. The incubator can only accurately control temperature as low as +5C above ambient unless it has been installed with the cooling coil option at the factory which allows the incubator to run at lower temperatures. See Cooling Coil, Section 6. The incubator is shipped from the factory with a temperature setpoint of 10°C. At this setting, all heaters and alarms are turned off.

To change the operating temperature setpoint:

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Set indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until TEMP XX.XC is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow until the desired temperature setpoint is displayed.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setpoint.
- 5. Press the Mode key until the Run Indicator lights to go to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

#### Setting the Overtemp Setpoint

**Caution** In the event that the heaters are locked on as a result of a failure in the main temperature control, the independent overtemp circuit is designed as a safety to protect the incubator only. It is not intended to protect or limit the maximum temperature of the cell cultures or customer's equipment inside the incubator if an overtemp condition occurs. s

The incubator is equipped with an independent circuit that monitors the air temperature in the cabinet. Should the main temperature control fail, the overtemp circuit will disconnect power to all heaters when the chamber temperature reaches the Overtemp setpoint. When the chamber temperature falls below the Overtemp setpoint, the overtemp circuit will reconnect power to all heaters. An incubator operating in the overtemp condition will maintain the chamber temperature approximately 1°C around the Overtemp setpoint.

The factory setting for the Overtemp is 40°C. It can be set over a range of temp setpoint +0.5°C to 60°C. If the temperature setpoint is moved above the Overtemp setpoint, the Overtemp will automatically update to 1.0°C+ the temp setpoint. It is recommended that the Overtemp setpoint be 1°C over the temp setpoint.

#### Setting the Overtemp Setpoint (continued)

To set the Overtemp setpoint:

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Set indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until OTEMP XX.XC is displayed in message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow until the desired Overtemp setpoint is displayed.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setpoint.
- 5. Press the Mode key until the Run Indicator lights to go to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

**Setting CO<sub>2</sub> Setpoint** All T/C CO<sub>2</sub> cells are precalibrated at the factory at 37°C, high humidity, and 10% CO<sub>2</sub>. Therefore, if a temperature setpoint of 37°C has been entered, the humidity pan filled, and the CO<sub>2</sub> control is to run between 0-10% with a T/C CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, the CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint may be entered immediately. Otherwise, it is important to allow the unit 12 hours to stabilize at the temperature setpoint before entering the CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint.

All models of the incubator have a  $CO_2$  setpoint range of 0.0% to 20.0%. The incubator is shipped from the factory with a  $CO_2$  setpoint of 0.0%. At this setting, all  $CO_2$  control and alarms are turned off.

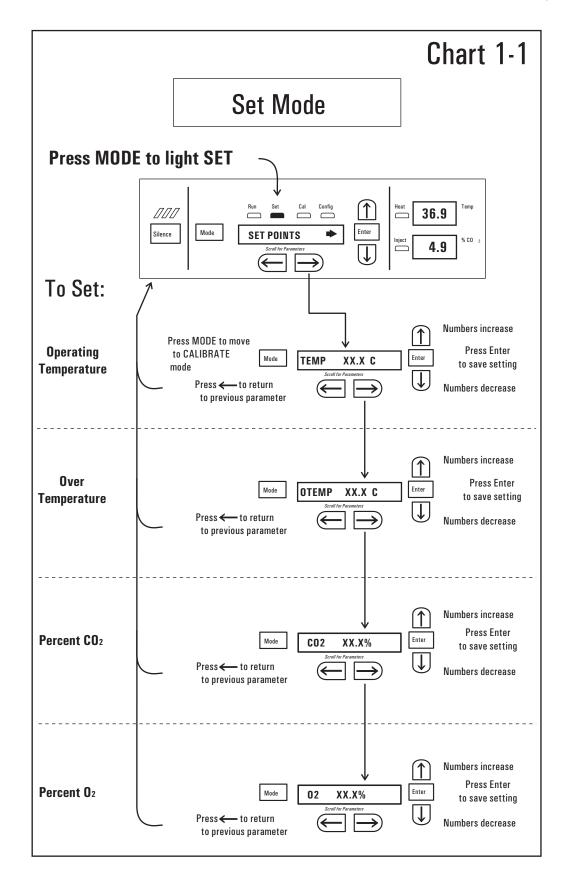
To change the CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint:

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Set indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until CO2 XX.X% is displayed in message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow until the desired CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint is displayed.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setpoint.
- 5. Press the Mode key until the Run Indicator lights to go to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

# **Setting O**<sub>2</sub> **Setpoint** Models 3130, 3131, 3140, and 3141 of the incubator have a built-in O<sub>2</sub> control system. The O<sub>2</sub> setpoint range is 1.0% to 21.0%. The incubator is shipped from the factory with a O<sub>2</sub> setpoint of 21.0%. At this setting, all O<sub>2</sub> control and alarms are turned off. The gas sample port must be capped when running controlled O<sub>2</sub> levels.

To change the O<sub>2</sub> setpoint:

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Set indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until O2 XX.X% is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow until the desired O<sub>2</sub> setpoint is displayed.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setpoint.
- 5. Press the Mode key until the Run Indicator lights to go to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.



Section 1 Installation and Start-Up

# Section 2 Calibration

After the unit has stabilized, several different systems can be calibrated. In the Calibration Mode, the air temperature, CO<sub>2</sub> reading, O<sub>2</sub> reading, and RH reading can all be calibrated to reference instruments. To enter Calibration Mode, press the Mode key until the CAL indicator lights. Press the right and/or left arrow until the proper parameter appears in the message center. See Chart 2-1 for more detail.

Calibration frequency is dependent on use, ambient conditions, and accuracy required. Good laboratory practice would require at least an annual calibration check. On new installations, all parameters should be checked after the stabilization period.

Prior to calibration, the user should be aware of the following system functions. While the unit is in Calibration Mode, all system control functions will be stopped so that the unit remains stable. Readout of the system being calibrated will appear as "——" on the readout displays. If no keys are pressed for approximately five minutes while in Calibration Mode, the system will reset to Run Mode so that control functions can be reactivated.

**Caution** Before making any calibration or adjustments to the unit, it is imperative that all reference instruments be properly calibrated. It is the responsibility of the user to understand the interactive effects of temperature, CO<sub>2</sub>%, O<sub>2</sub>% and RH% on each other and the independent reference instruments, especially a Fyrite<sup>®</sup> sensor. Read and understand all reference instrument operating manuals before use. Double-check all values entered into the incubator for accuracy before completing the calibration and returning the unit to service. s

Calibrating the Temperature	Place the calibrated instrument in the center of the chamber. The instrument should be in the airflow, not against the shelf. Before calibration, allow the cabinet temperature to stabilize.	
	<ul> <li><u>Start-Up</u> - Allow 12 hours for the temperature in the cabinet to stabilize before proceeding.</li> <li><u>Operating Unit</u> - Allow at least two hours after the display reaches setpoint for the temperature to stabilize before proceeding.</li> </ul>	
	1. Press the Mode key until the CAL indicator lights.	
	2. Press the right arrow until TMPCAL XX.XC appears in the message center.	
	3. Press the up/down arrow to match the display to a calibrated instrument.	
	4. Press Enter to store the calibration into memory.	
	5. Press the Mode key to return to Run, or the right/left arrow to go to the next/previous parameter.	
Calibrating T/C CO2 System	Models 3110, 3111, 3130 and 3131 have a thermal conductivity (T/C) $CO_2$ sensor. Thermal conductivity of the incubator atmosphere is not only effected by the quantity of $CO_2$ present, but also by the air temperature	

 $CO_2$  sensor. Thermal conductivity of the incubator atmosphere is not only effected by the quantity of  $CO_2$  present, but also by the air temperature and the water vapor present in the incubator atmosphere. In monitoring the effects of  $CO_2$ , air temperature and absolute humidity must be held constant so any change in thermal conductivity is caused only by a change in  $CO_2$  concentration.

Any changes to the temperature setpoint and/or humidity level control method (humidity pan location, capping ports, HEPA filter type) will necessitate a recalibration of the CO<sub>2</sub> control.

Some T/C CO<sub>2</sub> sensors go through an aging period, especially on new installations. Calibration should be checked on a weekly basis, and adjusted as necessary. When stabilization occurs, checks can become less frequent.

#### Calibrating T/C CO<sub>2</sub> System (continued)

- <u>Start-up</u> The CO<sub>2</sub> sensor has been calibrated at the factory for 37°C. Allow temperature, humidity, and CO<sub>2</sub> levels in the chamber to stabilize at least 12 hours before checking the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration with an independent instrument.
- <u>Presently operating</u> Make sure the chamber doors are closed. Allow at least 2 hours after the temperature and CO<sub>2</sub> displays reach their setpoints for chamber atmosphere stabilization.
- 1. Measure the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration in the chamber through the gas sample port with an independent instrument. Take several readings to ensure accuracy.
- 2. Press the Mode key until the CAL indicator lights.
- 3. Press the right arrow until CO2CAL XX.X% is displayed in the message center.
- 4. Press the up/down arrow to change the display to match the independent instrument.
- 5. Press Enter to store calibration.
- 6. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode, or the right or left arrow keys to go to the next/previous parameter.

#### Calibrating Infra-Red CO<sub>2</sub> System

Models 3120, 3121, 3140 and 3141 have an infra-red CO<sub>2</sub> sensor. Infra-red CO<sub>2</sub> sensors are not affected by chamber atmosphere, temperature or humidity. However, the light detector in the sensor is affected by wide temperature changes. Therefore, changing temperature setpoints could necessitate a recalibration of the IR CO<sub>2</sub> sensor before use. Chamber temperature should be allowed to stabilize before checking CO<sub>2</sub> concentrations with an independent instrument, especially on start-up.

All models equipped with an IR CO<sub>2</sub> sensor have an automatic calibration that occurs every 24 hours, and lasts for 5 to 6 minutes. During automatic calibration, the CO<sub>2</sub> display is blanked out and HEPA filtered room air is pumped through the CO<sub>2</sub> sensor. A new CO<sub>2</sub> calibration value is stored in memory for use as the 0.0% CO<sub>2</sub> reference point. The keypad/ control panel is locked during calibration, with the message center reading CO<sub>2</sub> AUTO CAL.

#### Calibrating Infra-Red CO<sub>2</sub> System (cont.)

- <u>Startup</u>- Allow the temperature and the CO<sub>2</sub> of the cabinet to stabilize at least 12 hours before proceeding.
- <u>Operating Unit</u> Allow CO<sub>2</sub> to stabilize at least 2 hours at setpoint before proceeding.

To ensure accurate calibration, the unit will not allow  $CO_2$  to be spanned below 3%. If the cabinet does not contain at least 3%  $CO_2$ , increase the setpoint and allow the unit to stabilize before completing this procedure.

- 1. Measure the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration in the chamber through the gas sample port with an independent instrument. Take several readings to ensure accuracy.
- 2. Press the Mode key until the CAL indicator lights.
- 3. Press the right arrow until IR CAL XX.X% appears in the message center.
- 4. Press the up/down arrow to adjust the display to match the independent instrument reading.
- 5. Press Enter to store calibration.
- 6. After Enter is pressed, the unit will go into a calibration cycle that lasts 5 to 6 minutes. Control panel is locked during this calibration cycle.
- 7. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode.

#### Calibrating the O<sub>2</sub> System

Models 3130, 3131, 3140 and 3141 have an O<sub>2</sub> control sensor. The sensor is a fuel cell that puts out a linear millivolt signal based on O<sub>2</sub> content of the chamber. The life expectancy for an O<sub>2</sub> sensor fuel cell is approximately 5 years (specified at an oxygen concentration of 20.7% and ambient temperature of 20°C) even if the unit is not in use. During normal incubator operation, exposure to lower concentrations of oxygen increases the life expectancy, whereas increased ambient temperatures decreases it. The cumulative effects of these conditions over time are unpredictable, but the unit is able to measure the remaining life of the O<sub>2</sub> sensor fuel cell based on its voltage output when the system is calibrated using the 20.7% method and display a sensor fault as required (Section 4); thus, it is important to calibrate the system using this method before each test experiment, or at least every 6 months.

#### Calibrating the O<sub>2</sub> System (continued)

There are two methods available to calibrate the O2 system.

- The preferred method calibrates the system to the known ambient  $O_2$  value of 20.7% and checks the life of the sensor. This method should be used whenever a new  $O_2$  sensor fuel cell is installed.
- The second method available allows the system to be calibrated to an independent reference instrument by entering an offset. This method should be used whenever higher accuracy is required as it takes into account the effects of the desired chamber temperature setpoint on the O<sub>2</sub> sensor fuel cell output; however, this method does not measure its remaining life.

#### O2 Calibration at 20.7%

- 1. Press the Mode key until the CAL indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until the display reads O2 CAL@20.7%.
- 3. Press Enter.
- 4. OPEN DOOR appears on the display. Open the outer and inner doors.
- 5. The display reads CALIBRATING.
- 6. When calibration is complete, approximately 2 minutes, an audible tone sounds and the display returns to O2 CAL@20.7%.
- 7. The  $O_2$  display will change to 20.7.
- 8. Press the Mode key to return to Run.

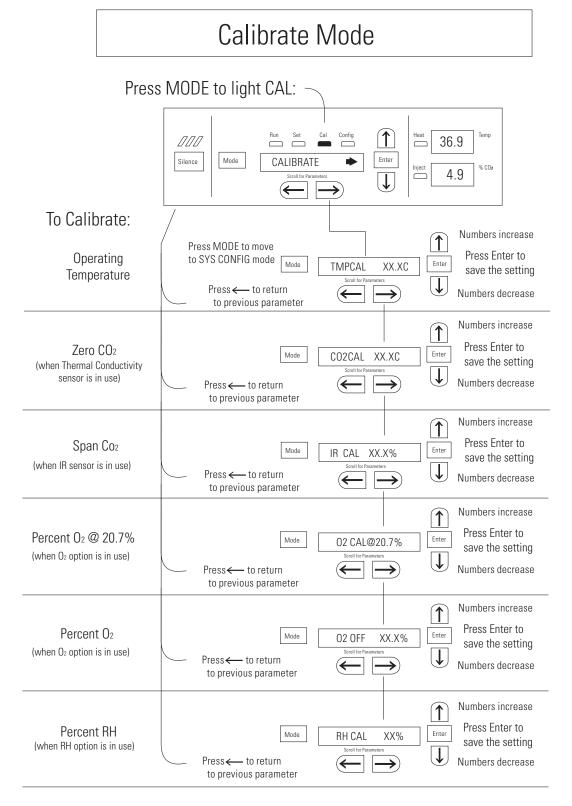
A new  $O_2$  span value is stored in memory for use as the 20.7%  $O_2$  reference point. The keypad/control panel is "locked-up" during calibration.

O2 Offset Calibration	<u>Startup</u> - Allow the cabinet to stabilize at least 12 hours before proceeding. <u>Operating Unit</u> - Allow O <sub>2</sub> to stabilize at least 2 hours at set point before proceeding.
	1. Measure the O2 concentration in the chamber through the gas sample port with an independent instrument. Take several readings to ensure accuracy.
	2. Press the Mode key until the CAL indicator lights.
	3. Press the right arrow until O2 OFFS XX.X% appears in the message center.
	4. Press the up/down arrow to adjust display to independent instrument reading.
	5. Press Enter to store calibration.
	6. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode.
Calibrating Relative Humidity (RH)	All Model 3100 Series incubators can be equipped with an optional direct readout relative humidity sensor. This is a readout only of the chamber relative humidity. It does not provide any control of the relative humidity in the cabinet.
	Place the calibrated instrument in the center of the chamber. The instrument should be in the airflow, not against the shelf. Before calibration, allow the cabinet temperature to stabilize.
	<u>Startup</u> - Allow 12 hours for the relative humidity and temperature in the chamber to stabilize before proceeding.
	<u>Operating Unit</u> - Allow at least 2 hours after temperature display reaches setpoint for relative humidity to stabilize before proceeding.
	1. Press the Mode key until the CAL indicator lights.
	2. Press the right arrow key until RH CAL XX% appears in message center.
	3. Press the up/down arrow to match the display to the independent instrument.
	4. Press Enter to store the calibration.
	5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode.

#### Calibrating Relative Humidity (RH) cont.

If a reliable RH measuring device is not available, the display may be calibrated to a typical level. This calibration method should be accurate to within 5%.

- 1. Follow the RH stabilization periods outlined above.
- 2. With a full humidity pan and stable temperature, the relative humidity in the chamber will be 95%.
- 3. Using Steps 3-5 of the relative humidity sensor adjustment above, adjust the display to 95%.



# Section 3 Configuration

There are many features available in Configuration Mode that allow custom setup of the incubator. These features are described below. All features may not be necessary in all applications, but are available if needed. To enter Configuration Mode, press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights. Press the right or left arrow until the appropriate parameter appears in the message center. See Chart 3-1 for more detail.

#### The audible alarm can be turned on or off. The factory setting is ON.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press right arrow until AUDIBLE XXX is displayed in message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to toggle Audible ON/OFF.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setting.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

**New HEPA Filter** When the REPLACE HEPA reminder is displayed and the visual alarm flashes, the specified time has elapsed and the HEPA filter should be replaced. Follow the HEPA Filter Maintenance procedures in Section 5. The factory setting is 182 days (calculated from REPL HEPA XX setting of 6 months).

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press right arrow until NEW HEPA XXX is displayed in message center.

**Note** Do not press Enter if only viewing remaining days before specified filter replacement time runs out.

- 3. Press Enter to restart the timer and clear the REPLACE HEPA alarm. This new number is the remaining days before the specified filter replacement time runs out. For example, if 12 months was chosen in the REPL HEPA XX message screen, the NEW HEPA number would be 365 days.
- 4. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode.

#### Turning the Audible Alarm ON/OFF

#### Setting the REPLACE HEPA Filter Reminder

A HEPA filter replacement timer can be set for a specific amount of time, from 1 to 12 months of actual unit running time. Time will not accrue when the unit is turned off. When the allotted time has run out, REPLACE HEPA appears in the display and the visual alarm flashes. The factory setting is 6 months.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until REPL HEPA XX is displayed.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to choose the number of months desired.
- 4. Press Enter to save the number.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

**Note** After the reminder has been set, check the allotted time remaining by going to Config Mode, then pressing the right arrow until NEW HEPA XXX displays. This number is the remaining days before the specified filter replacement time runs out. For example, if 12 months was chosen in the REPL HEPA XX message screen, the NEW HEPA number would be 365 days. s

#### Setting an Access Code

A three-digit Access Code can be entered to avoid unauthorized personnel from changing the setpoints, calibration, or configuration. A setting of 000 will bypass the access code. The factory setting is 000.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until ACC CODE XXX is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the access code.
- 4. Press Enter to save the access code.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Setting Low Temp Alarm Limit

The low temp alarm limit (tracking alarm) is the deviation from the temperature setpoint, which will cause a low temp alarm. The low temp alarm is variable from  $0.5^{\circ}$  below setpoint to  $5.0^{\circ}$  below setpoint. The factory setting is  $1.0^{\circ}$  below setpoint. A minus sign (-) in the display indicates that the alarm setting is below the setpoint.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until TMP LO -X.XC is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the low temp alarm limit.
- 4. Press Enter to save the low temp alarm limit.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Setting High Temp Alarm Limit

The high temp alarm limit (tracking alarm) is the deviation from the temperature setpoint that will cause a high temp alarm. It should be noted that this varies from the Overtemp setpoint, in that the Overtemp setpoint configures an independent system that monitors temperature and shuts down the system heaters if necessary. The high temp alarm limit is simply set to enable an audible and visual alarm that notifies the user of a problem. See Section 1, Setting the Overtemp Setpoint. The high temp alarm is variable from  $0.5^{\circ}$  above setpoint to  $5.0^{\circ}$  above setpoint. The factory setting is  $1.0^{\circ}$  above setpoint.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until TMP HI X.XC is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the high temp alarm limit.
- 4. Press Enter to save the high temp alarm limit.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Enabling Temp Alarms to Trip Contacts

High and Low temperature alarms can be programmed to trip the remote alarm contacts. A setting of ON will cause this, a setting of OFF will not allow temp alarms to trip the contacts. The factory setting is ON.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until TEMP RLY XXX is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to toggle the setting ON/OFF.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setting.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Setting Low CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm Limit

The low CO<sub>2</sub> alarm limit (tracking alarm) is the deviation from the CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint that will cause a low CO<sub>2</sub> alarm. The setpoint is variable from 0.5% CO<sub>2</sub> below setpoint to 5.0% CO<sub>2</sub> below setpoint. The factory setting is 1.0% CO<sub>2</sub> below setpoint. A minus (-) in the display indicates that the alarm setting is below the setpoint.

- 1. Press the Mode Key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until CO2 LO -X.X% is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the low CO2 alarm limit.
- 4. Press Enter to save the low CO2 alarm limit.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Setting High CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm Limit

The high CO<sub>2</sub> alarm limit (tracking alarm) is the deviation from the CO<sub>2</sub> setpoint that will cause a high CO<sub>2</sub> alarm. The setpoint is variable from 0.5% CO<sub>2</sub> above setpoint to 5.0% CO<sub>2</sub> above setpoint. The factory setting is 1.0% CO<sub>2</sub> above setpoint.

### Setting High CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm Limit (cont.)

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until CO2 HI X.X% is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the high CO2 alarm limit.
- 4. Press Enter to save the high CO<sub>2</sub> alarm limit.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Enabling CO<sub>2</sub> Alarms to Trip Contacts

High and Low CO<sub>2</sub> alarms can be programmed to trip the remote alarm contacts. A setting of ON will cause this; a setting of OFF will not allow CO<sub>2</sub> alarms to trip the contacts. The factory setting is ON.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until CO2 RLY XXX is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to toggle the setting ON/OFF.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setting.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Setting Zero #, Span # for T/C CO<sub>2</sub> Sensors

If a new T/C CO<sub>2</sub> sensor is being installed, the two numbers on the factory installed sticker on the T/C cell must be entered to calibrate the CO<sub>2</sub> in the unit.

**Note** For the technician's convenience, a second label containing the two numbers is supplied with the new T/C cell and should be applied to cover the original label, inside the electronics drawer.

#### Setting Zero #, Span # for T/C Sensors (cont.)

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until T/C ZR# XXXX is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the zero number to match the sticker.

**Note** The '-' symbol denotes the 'minus sign' which is displayed as required by scrolling the zero number through 0.

- 4. Press Enter to save the setting.
- 5. Press the right arrow until T/C SP# XXXX is displayed in the message center.
- 6. Press the up/down arrow to change the span number to match the sticker.

**Note** The '-' symbol denotes the 'minus sign' which is displayed as required by scrolling the zero number through 0.

7. Press Enter to save the setting.

**Note** Pressing Enter will erase any CO2CAL offset value previously entered into the Calibration menu.

8. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Setting a Low RH Alarm Limit

On units that have the RH option installed, a low RH alarm limit may be entered. The low RH alarm limit is the %RH in the cabinet that will cause a low RH alarm. The setpoint is variable from setpoint 0 to 90 %RH. The factory setting is 0% RH, which disables the alarm.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until RH LO XX% is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the RH low alarm limit.
- 4. Press Enter to save the RH low alarm limit.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Enabling RH Alarms to Trip Contacts

The low RH alarm can be programmed to trip the remote alarm contacts. A setting of ON will cause this, a setting of OFF will not allow the RH alarm to trip the contacts. The factory setting is ON.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until RH RLY XXX is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to toggle the setting ON/OFF.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setting.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Setting a Low O<sub>2</sub> Alarm Limit

On models with a O<sub>2</sub> control system, O<sub>2</sub> alarms may be configured. The low O<sub>2</sub> alarm limit (tracking alarm) is the deviation from the O<sub>2</sub> setpoint that will cause a low O<sub>2</sub> alarm. The setpoint is variable from 0.5% O<sub>2</sub> below setpoint to 5.0% O<sub>2</sub> below setpoint. The factory setting is 1.0% O<sub>2</sub> below setpoint. A minus (-) in the display indicates that the alarm setting is below setpoint.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press right arrow until O2 LO -X.X% is displayed in message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the low O<sub>2</sub> alarm limit.
- 4. Press Enter to save the low O2 alarm limit.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Setting a High O<sub>2</sub> Alarm Limit

On models with a O<sub>2</sub> control system, O<sub>2</sub> alarms may be configured. The high O<sub>2</sub> alarm limit (tracking alarm) is the deviation from O<sub>2</sub> setpoint that causes a high O<sub>2</sub> alarm. The setpoint is variable from 0.5% O<sub>2</sub> above setpoint to 5.0% O<sub>2</sub> above setpoint. The factory setting is 1.0% O<sub>2</sub> above setpoint.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press right arrow until O2 HI X.X% is displayed in message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the high O<sub>2</sub> alarm limit.
- 4. Press Enter to save the high O2 alarm limit.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run Mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Enabling O<sub>2</sub> Alarms to Trip Contacts

High and Low O2 alarms can be programmed to trip the remote alarm contacts. A setting of ON will cause this, a setting of OFF will not allow the O2 alarms to trip the contacts. The factory setting is ON.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press right arrow until O2 RLY XXX is displayed in message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to toggle the setting ON/OFF.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setting.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

## Enabling Temp/RH to be Displayed

On units that are equipped with the RH option, the upper seven-segment display on the control panel can be configured to display Temp continuously, RH continuously, or toggle between Temp and RH. If the units does not have RH, the upper display will always display temperature. If temperature is set to ON and the RH is set OFF, temperature will be displayed continuously. If temperature is set to OFF and RH is set to ON, RH will be displayed continuously. If both are turned ON, the display will toggle between the two. The factory setting will default to toggle mode if the RH option is present.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until DISP TMP XXX or DISP RH XXX is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to toggle the setting ON/OFF.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setting.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

#### Enabling CO<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub> to be Displayed

On models that are equipped with the  $O_2$  system, the lower seven-segment display on the control panel can be configured to display  $CO_2$  continuously,  $O_2$  continuously, or toggle between  $CO_2$  and  $O_2$ . If the units does not have  $O_2$ , the lower display will always display  $CO_2$ . If  $CO_2$  is set to ON and the O2 is set OFF,  $CO_2$  will be displayed continuously. If  $CO_2$  is set to OFF and  $O_2$  is set to ON,  $O_2$  will be displayed continuously. If both are turned ON, the display will toggle between the two. The factory setting will default to toggle mode if the  $O_2$  system is present.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press the right arrow until DISP CO2 XXX or DISP O2 XXX is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to toggle the setting ON/OFF.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setpoint.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

#### Selecting a Primary On Tank (Gas Guard) sele

On units equipped with the Gas Guard option, a primary tank can be selected. The primary tank can be either Tank 1 or Tank 2. Factory setting is Tank 1.

- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press right arrow until TANK SEL X is displayed in the message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to toggle the setting between 1 and 2.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setting.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

#### Disabling the Gas Guard System

On units equipped with the Gas Guard option, the Gas Guard system may be turned ON, or OFF if it is not in use. The factory setting is ON.

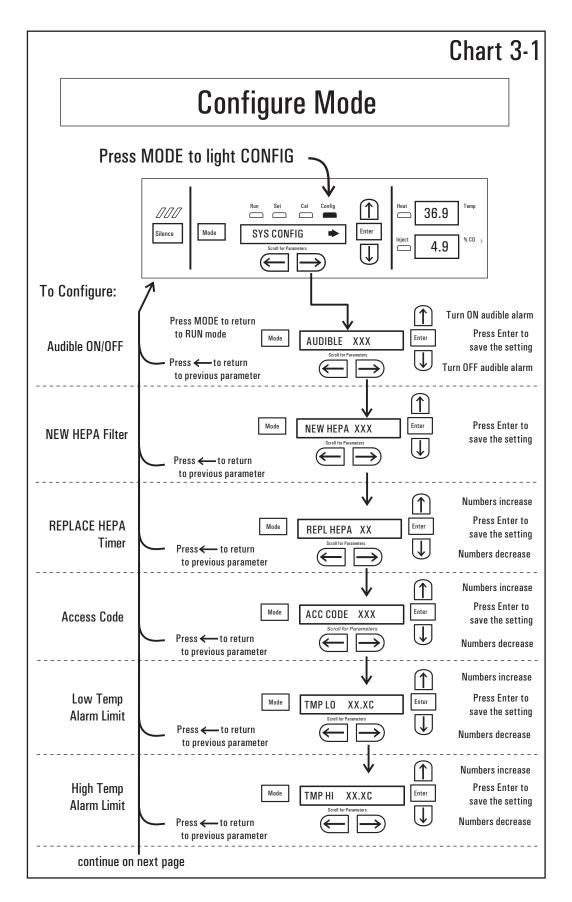
- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press right arrow until GAS GRD XX is displayed in message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to toggle the setting ON/OFF.
- 4. Press Enter to save the setting.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

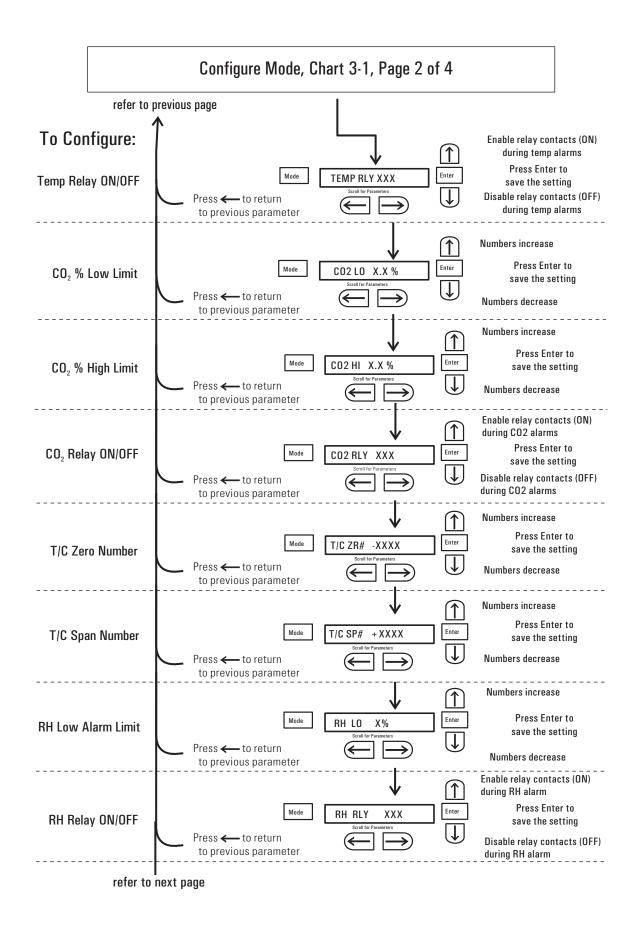
#### Setting a RS485 Address (1535 Only)

On units with the RS485 option, direct communication with Model 1535 alarm system can be established. Each piece of equipment connected to the 1535 must have a unique address. An address of 0-24 can be entered for the incubator. A setting of 0 is a non-communication address that the 1535 ignores. Factory setting for the RS485 address is 0.

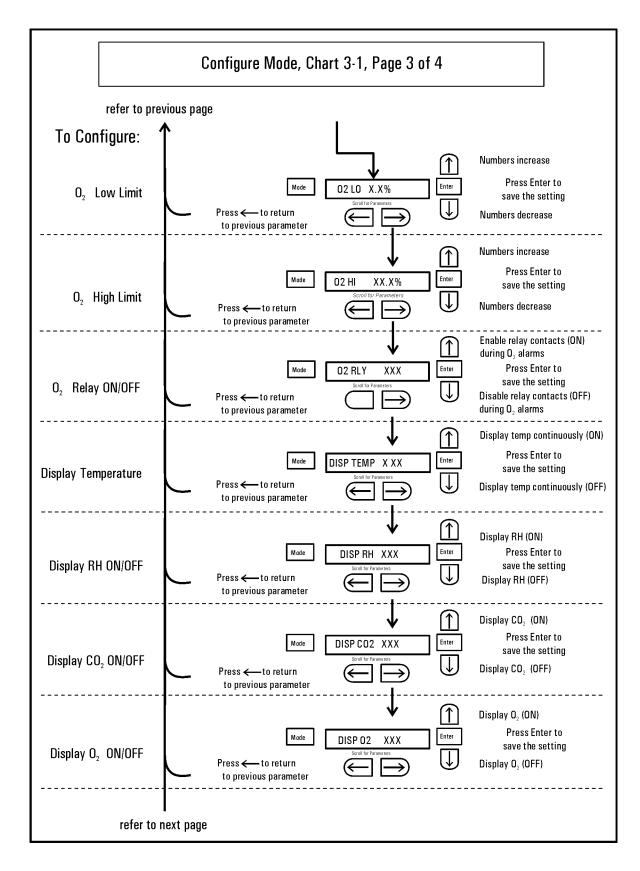
- 1. Press the Mode key until the Config indicator lights.
- 2. Press right arrow until 485 ADDR XX is displayed in message center.
- 3. Press the up/down arrow to change the RS485 address.
- 4. Press Enter to save the RS485 address.
- 5. Press the Mode key to return to Run mode or right/left to go to next/previous parameter.

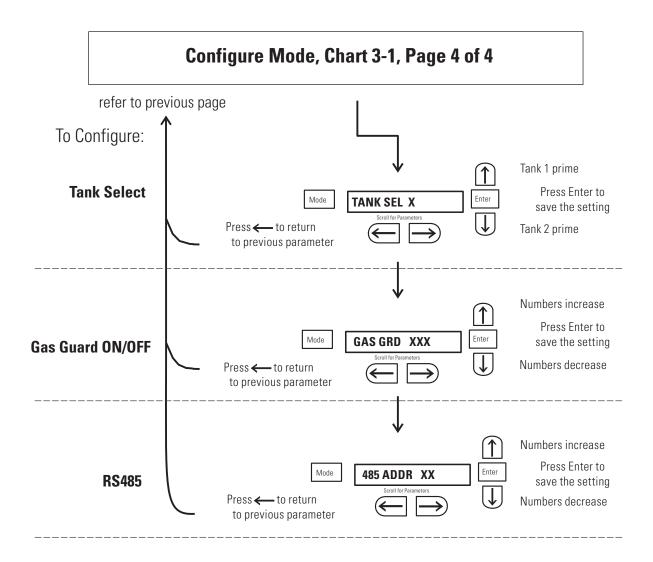
#### Section 3 Configuration





#### Section 3 Configuration





# Section 4 Alarms

The Model 3100 Series incubator alarm system is shown in the table below. When an alarm is active, the message appears in the LED message center. Pressing Silence disables the audible alarm for the ringback period. However, the visual alarm continues until the incubator returns to a normal condition. The alarms are momentary alarms only. When an alarm condition occurs and then returns to normal, the incubator automatically clears the alarm condition and the message center.

When multiple alarm conditions occur, active messages are displayed in the message center one at a time, updating at 5 second intervals. Pressing Silence during multiple alarms causes all active alarms to be silenced and to ring back in 15 minutes.

#### Table 4-1. Alarms

Description	Message	Delay	Ringback	Relay
No alarm condition exists	SYSTEM OK/CLASS 100			
CO2 System Auto Calibrating	CO2 AUTO CAL			
Temp > Otemp Setpoint (See Sect. 1)	SYS IN OTEMP	0 min	15 min	Yes
Temp Control Sensor Fault (See Sect 4)	TSNSR1 ERR	0 min	15 min	No
Over Temp Sensor Fault (See Sect 4)	TSNSR2 ERR	0 min	15 min	No
CO2 Sensor Fault (See Sect 4)	CO2 SNSR ERR	0 min	15 min	No
02 Sensor Fault (02 option, see Sect 4)	02 SNSR ERR	0 min	15 min	No
O2 Sensor Low (O2 option, see Sect 4)	REPL 02 SNSR	0 min	*	No
CO2 Sensor cannot be calibrated (IR option, Sect. 4)	REPL IR SNSR	0 min	15 min	No
Replace HEPA filter reminder – set time expired (See Sect. 3)	REPLACE HEPA	0 min	*	No
Water low in jacket (See Sect. 1)	ADD WATER	0 min	15 min	No
Inner Door is Open (See Sect. 4)	DOOR IS OPEN	15 min	15 min	No
CO2 > CO2 High Tracking Alarm	CO2 IS HIGH	15 min	15 min	Programmable
CO2 < CO2 Low Tracking Alarm	CO2 IS LOW	15 min	15 min	Programmable
TEMP > TEMP High Tracking Alarm	TEMP IS HIGH	0 min	15 min	Programmable
TEMP < TEMP Low Tracking Alarm	TEMP IS LOW	15 min	15 min	Programmable
02 > 02 High Tracking Alarm (02 option)	02 IS HIGH	15 min	15 min	Programmable
02 < 02 Low Tracking Alarm (02 option)	02 IS LOW	15 min	15 min	Programmable
RH < RH Low Limit Alarm (RH option)	RH IS LOW	30 min	15 min	Programmable
CO2 Auto-Zero Fault (IR option, see Sect. 4)	IR AUTOZ ERR	0 min	15 min	No
Tank 1 is low, switch to Tank 2 (Gas Guard)	TANK1 LOW	0 min		No
Tank 2 is low, switch to Tank 1 (Gas Guard)	TANK2 LOW	0 min		No
Both tanks are low (Gas Guard)	TANK 1 and 2 LOW	0 min	15 min	No

#### Inner Door Open Alarm

When the incubator's inner door is opened, heat and CO<sub>2</sub> injection are disabled. The door must be securely latched for heat and CO<sub>2</sub> injection to resume after a door opening. If the door is latched yet the display still shows DOOR IS OPEN, or if the door is unlatched and the display does not show DOOR IS OPEN, the door switch could be faulty. Call Technical Services.

## **Sensor Fault Alarms**

The microprocessor in the incubator continually scans all available sensors, except the  $O_2$  (see Section 4), to ensure proper operation. Should an error be detected, the incubator sounds an alarm and displays the appropriate message. If such an alarm occurs, contact your local distributor or the Technical Services department.

- **TSNSR1 ERR** If the microprocessor determines that the temperature control precision thermistor is under-range or over-range, TSNSR1 ERR appears in the display, the visual alarm flashes, the audible alarm sounds, and the chamber and door heaters are disabled.
- **TSNSR2 ERR** If the microprocessor determines that the over temperature precision thermistor is under-range or over-range, TSNSR2 ERR appears in the display, the visual alarm flashes, the audible alarm sounds. If the independent over temperature protection circuit determines that the thermistor is over-range, SYS IN OTEMP alternates in the display and the chamber and door heaters are disabled.
- **REPL 02 SNSR** On units equipped with the O<sub>2</sub> system, the microprocessor checks the remaining life of the O<sub>2</sub> sensor whenever O<sub>2</sub> calibration @ 20.7% is performed. After the O<sub>2</sub> sensor declines to less than 43% (typical) of its life expectancy, REPL O<sub>2</sub> SNSR appears in the display and the visual alarm flashes. This alarm alerts the user to replace the O<sub>2</sub> sensor at the earliest convenience (Section 5). The unit will continue to function for some length of time.
  - **O2 SNSR ERR** After the O<sub>2</sub> sensor declines to the point that control cannot be accurately performed, an O2 SNSR ERR appears in the display, the visual alarm flashes, the audible alarm sounds, and the chamber and O<sub>2</sub> control is disabled. The O<sub>2</sub> control and alarms can be disabled by changing the setpoint to 21.0% (Section 1) or replacing the O2 sensor fuel cell (Section 5).
- **CO2 SNSR ERR** If the cables or connectors between the main microprocessor board and the CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, or between the CO<sub>2</sub> board and the sensor head on I/R CO<sub>2</sub> units become loose or disconnected, the CO2 SNSR ERR alarm will occur.
  - **I/R Units** On I/R incubators, the red light on the I/R module (see Figure 5-8 for the module circuit board location) is lit continuously if communication is lost between the CO<sub>2</sub> board and the sensor head. The CO<sub>2</sub> display is locked at 00.0 without injection. Turning the incubator off and on will not clear the alarm. Only proper connections of all the components corrects the alarm.

IR AUTOZ ERR	On incubators equipped with an IR CO <sub>2</sub> control system, calibration is performed automatically once every 24 hours using the Auto Zero feature. If a CO <sub>2</sub> correction of more than 0.45% is detected then the Auto Zero cycle is aborted and the IR AUTOZ ERR appears in the display, the visual alarm flashes, and the audible alarm sounds. The unit will continue to function using the last valid CO <sub>2</sub> correction value. The error may be cleared by performing the IR CO <sub>2</sub> control system calibration (see Section 2) or waiting 24 hours for the next Auto Zero cycle.			
	Possible problems which will cause this alarm are:			
	• Auto Zero pump, orifice, filter or tubing will not allow air to the sensor.			
	Possibilities are: - Defective or electrically disconnected air pump - Kinked auto zero vinyl tubing - Disconnected tubing between air pump and sensor - Plugged filter or orifice on auto zero assembly - Defective auto zero circuit			
	• Cabinet temperature has been increased significantly from a previous setpoint. (For example, the unit was calibrated and operating at $30^{\circ}$ C and the setpoint is increased to $50^{\circ}$ C). In this instance, calibrating the CO <sub>2</sub> will correct the alarm.			
	• There is high background CO <sub>2</sub> in the laboratory. This could be from leaks in the tank, regulator or vinyl CO <sub>2</sub> tubing.			
	• High CO <sub>2</sub> sensor calibration drift occurred. This requires replacement of the sensor.			
	<b>WARNING</b> Do not disassemble the IR CO2 sensor as there are no user- serviceable adjustments. s			
REPL IR SNSR	If the Auto Zero feature cannot properly calibrate the sensor, then REPL IR SNSR appears in the display, the visual alarm flashes, the audible alarm sounds, and the chamber CO2 control disabled. The CO2 control and alarms can be disabled by changing the setpoint to 0.0% (Section 1) or replacing the IR CO2 sensor. Call Technical Services.			

#### **PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE**

#### Incubators

Your equipment has been thoroughly tested and calibrated before shipment. Regular preventive maintenance is important to keep your unit functioning properly. The operator should perform routine cleaning and maintenance on a regular basis. For maximum performance and efficiency, it is recommended the unit be checked and calibrated periodically by a qualified service technician.

The following is a condensed list of preventive maintenance requirements. See the specified section of the operating manual for further details.

We have qualified service technicians, using NIST traceable instruments, available in many areas. For more information on Preventive Maintenance or Extended Warranties, please contact Technical Services.

Cleaning and calibration adjustment intervals are dependent upon use, environmental conditions and accuracy required.

#### Tips for all incubators:

- Do NOT use bleach or any disinfectant that has high chlorine content.
- Use water with characteristics as described in Filling Water Jacket.
- Avoid spraying cleaner on the CO<sub>2</sub> sensor.
- Do not use powdered gloves for tissue cultures.

Action	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	6 Months	Yearly	2 years
Check CO2 and/or N2 tank levels (tanks without optional gas guard monitor)						
Inspect the inner and outer door latches and hinges for proper operation and excessive mechanical wear; inspect the line cord insulation and inner door silicone gasket for chips and cracks. Replace as required.					~	
Check water level in humidity pan, ½" from top. See "Filling the Humidity Pan".		~				
Check proper blower motor operation (air flow, noise, and vibration)		~				
Verify and document CO2, humidity and temperature calibration, as applicable. See Calibration section.					✓	
Verify Oz calibration, as applicable. See Calibration section				~		
Perform a complete decontamination procedure. Wipe down interior, shelves and side ducts with disinfectant. Change or clean blower wheel and scroll. Clean top duct. Clean humidity pan. Rinse everything well with sterile water. See "Cleaning the Interior, "Cleaning the Humidity Pan".	Before first use, after every service call and between experimen to prevent cross contamination More frequent decontamination may be required, depending on use and environmental conditions					
Change HEPA and gas filters, if applicable ( <i>or as needed</i> ). See "Installing Access Port Filter, "Installing Air Sample Filter", "Installing HEPA Filter".				~		
Replenish rust inhibitor in water jacket. See "Adding/Replenishing Rust Inhibitor".						~
Tubing Maintenance and Inspection: Inspect all tubing and connections & Replace any tubing that shows signs of degradation or damage.				~		

#### **Preventive Maintenance for Water Jacket Incubators**

Section 4 Alarms

# Section 5 Routine Maintenance

**Caution** Before using any cleaning or decontamination method except those recommended by the manufacturer, users must check with the manufacturer that the proposed method will not damage the equipment. s

**Warning** It is the responsibility of the user to immediately clean up after all accidental spills of hazardous materials. Be certain to follow local EHS policies with regards to personal protective equipment, cleaning, and disposal. s

#### **Cleaning the Interior**

Use an appropriate disinfectant, such as quaternary ammonium. All articles and surfaces must be thoroughly cleaned, rinsed and rough-dried.

**Warning** Alcohol, even a 70% solution, is volatile and flammable. Use it only in a well ventilated area that is free from open flame. If any component is cleaned with alcohol, do not expose the component to open flame or other possible hazard. Allow the alcohol to fully dry before turning power on. s

**Warning** Do not spray the T/C sensor with flammable solutions. The internal temperature of the  $CO_2$  sensor is approximately 150°C when the unit is in operation. Allow sufficient time for the sensor to cool before cleaning. s

**Caution** Do not use strong alkaline or caustic agents. Stainless steel is corrosion resistant, not corrosion proof. Do not use solutions of sodium hypochlorite (bleach), as they may also cause pitting and rusting. s

**Note** If condensation is visible on the ceiling of the chamber, yet the message center does not display ADD WATER, then the liquid level switch could be faulty. Call Technical Services.

**Warning** If the unit has been in service, disconnect the power cord from both the unit and the power source, turn off all gas regulators, and allow the unit to cool before disinfecting. s

## Cleaning the Interior (continued)

 Remove the shelves, access port filter and side duct sheets. Remove the temperature sensors and the air sample filter tubing from the back of the blower scroll. If unit is equipped with the optional RH sensor, unfasten it from the clip on the top duct. See Figure 5-1.

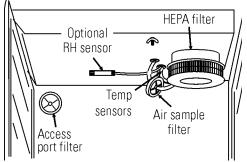


Figure 5-1. Sensor and Filter Locations

- 2. Remove the filter from the air sample filter tubing. Carefully pull down and remove the HEPA filter.
- 3. Remove the wingnuts securing the top duct to the interior. Carefully slide the top duct down and off the temperature sensor, air sample filter tubing (and RH sensor, if applicable).
- 4. Wash the shelves, ducts, wingnuts and stopper with disinfectant and rinse with sterile water. **Option:** Autoclave shelves, ducts and wingnuts.
- 5. Remove the blower scroll by first pushing the black lever clip closest to you toward the scroll. Then turn the scroll to the right to disengage it from the blower scroll plate. Some manipulation may be required as the alignment holes are keyhole-shaped.
- 6. Remove the remaining wingnut, then pull down on the blower wheel. If a new wheel and scroll are to be used, discard the old ones per local EHS policies and procedures. If the old ones are to be reused, wash all parts with disinfectant and rinse with sterile water.
- 7. Remove the blower scroll plate by first pushing the black lever clip toward the chamber ceiling. Then turn the plate to the left to disengage it from the alignment keyholes. Clean as above, or autoclave.
- 8. Wash the cabinet interior with disinfectant starting at the top and working down. Wash the inner door both inside and out. The cabinet and door must be rinsed with sterile water until the disinfectant has been removed. After the cabinet has been rinsed, spray with 70% alcohol.
- 9. Reinstall the blower scroll plate by aligning it with the larger end of the keyholes and turning it to the left to lock it on. Pull the black lever clip downward from the ceiling.
- 10. Install the blower wheel onto the motor shaft, aligning the d-shaped flat sides of each.See Figure 5-2. Secure the blower wheel with the wingnut. Make sure the wheel turns freely.

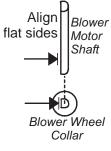


Figure 5-2. Align

#### Cleaning the Interior (continued)

- 11. Locate the blower scroll over the blower wheel into the larger end of the keyholes on the scroll plate. Turn the scroll to the right to lock it into the keyholes. Pull the black lever clip closest to you toward the front of the unit.
- 12. Install the top duct by feeding the temperature sensors, air sample tubing (and RH sensor, if applicable) through the appropriate holes in the duct as it is raised to the top of the chamber. Be careful not to pull the grommets through the duct. See Figure 5-3.

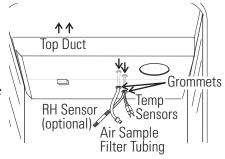
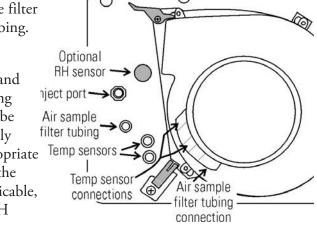


Figure 5-3. Feed Through Holes

- 13. Locate the mounting studs and blower scroll into the appropriate holes in the top duct and install the wingnuts to secure the duct.
- 14. Install the air sample filter onto the top duct tubing.
- 15. Carefully pull the temperature sensors and air sample filter tubing down until they can be inserted approximately 1 inch into the appropriate holes in the back of the blower scroll. If applicable, place the optional RH sensor into the corresponding clip on the top duct. See Figure 5-4.



- 16. Install the HEPA Filter.
- Figure 5-4. Underside View of Chamber Ceiling
- 17. Wipe down the interior of the incubator with 70% alcohol, including the glass door and gasket.

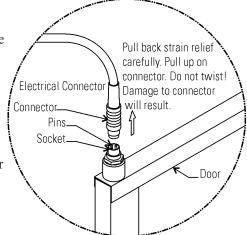
Caution Do not spray or wipe the sensors. s

- 18. Install the left and right ducts, and the access port stopper with filter, spraying each with 70% alcohol (do not saturate).
- 19. Install the shelves and spray with 70% alcohol.
- 20. Plug the incubator in and turn the power switch on. Allow the unit to run with the chamber empty, heat only, for 24 hours before returning to service.

Cleaning Cabinet Exterior	1. Use a lint-free cloth dampened in mild soapy water to clean the exterior, especially the door handle. Do not use any liquids (including spray cleaners) on the control panel; instead clean with a dry microfiber cloth.
	2. Wipe the surfaces (except control panel) twice using a clean cloth dampened in clear water.
	3. Wipe dry using a clean cloth.
Cleaning Humidity Pan	Clean the humidity pan with soap and water and a general use laboratory disinfectant. Rinse with sterile water and spray with 70% alcohol. The humidity pan may be autoclaved.
Reversing the Door Swing	For side-by-side operation or changing lab layouts, the inner and outer doors are field-reversible. The procedure is written from the prospective of changing the door swing from a left-hand to a right-hand swing. All screw holes are pre-drilled for reversing the door. A Phillips screwdriver is required.
	<b>Warning</b> The electronics drawer contains hazardous voltages. If the unit has been in service, disconnect the power cord from both the unit and the power source, turn off all gas regulators, disconnect all tubing and any other connections from the rear of the electronics drawer, and allow the unit to cool before reversing the door swing. s
	1. Referring to Illustration A following, open the outer door and remove it by lifting it off the hinge pins. Place the door on its face on a padded surface to prevent scratches.
	2. Remove the hinge pins and two outer door hinges identified in the illustration.
	3. Use the Phillips screwdriver to remove and save the four nylon screws from the outer door hinge mounting holes on the right side of the door frame.
	4. Rotate the outer door hinges 180° and install them loosely, in the locations where the nylon screws were just removed, opposite their original positions.
	5. Install the saved nylon screws in the previous locations of the outer door hinges.
	6. Remove and save the four nylon screws from what will be the new locations for the inner door hinges.

#### **Reversing the Door** Swing (continued)

- 7. Remove the electrical connector on the top of the inner door hinge by carefully pulling up the black strain relief.
- 8. Refer to Figure 5-5. The heater wiring connector is of yellow rubber which should be visible when the strain relief is moved upward as shown. See connector manufacturer's instructions in Section 11 of this manual.
- 9. Grasp the upper portion of the yellow connector and pull it up Figure 5-5. Connector and out of the hinge socket.



**Caution** The frame along the hinge side of the inner glass door has electrical connectors mounted on the frame at both the top and bottom of the door. Be careful not to damage the connectors by resting the weight of the door on them. Place the inner glass door on a flat surface where it cannot be damaged. s

- 10. Release the inner door latch. While holding the inner door securely, remove the upper door hinge. Lift the inner door carefully out of the bottom hinge and set it aside.
- 11. The upper inner door hinge will be inverted and become the lower inner door hinge when the hardware is reassembled. At this time, remove the 5/8" black plastic bushing from the hinge. This bushing will be inserted in the top hinge when the door is installed on the right side of the cabinet.
- 12. Remove the lower inner door hinge. This hinge will be inverted and become the upper inner door hinge when the hardware is reassembled. Also, remove the 1" long white plastic bushing from the center of the hinge and insert it into the hinge removed in step above.
- 13. The shoulder of the white bushing must be on top as shown in Illustration B. Install the black plastic bushing into the hinge just removed. See Figure 5-6.
- 14. Remove the two nylon screws opposite the door latch.
- 15. Remove the door strike plate and install the two nylon screws just removed, into the vacant holes.
- 16. Remove the two outer Phillips screws on the frame just beneath the control panel. Remove only the two outer screws and pull the electronics drawer out about one inch.

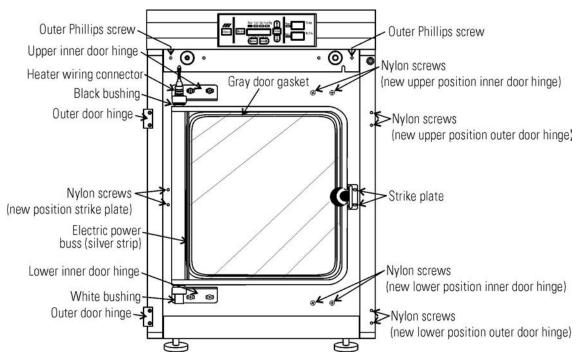


Illustration A. Disassembly

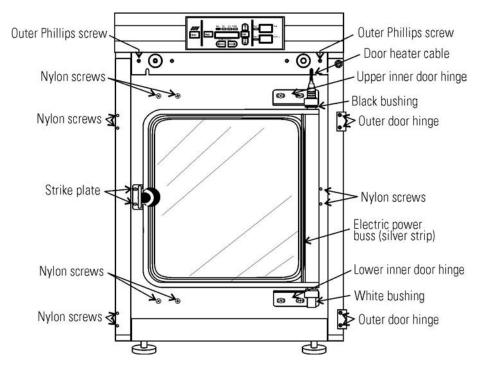
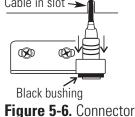


Illustration B. Reassembly

#### Reversing the Door Swing (continued)

Refer to Illustration B on the previous page.

- 17. Move the door heater cable to the slot on the right side of the electronics drawer.
- 18. Push any excess cable into the area under the electronics drawer to avoid damaging the cable when drawer is pushed back in and secured.
- 19. Install the lower inner door hinge in the drawing. This was the upper inner door hinge removed in Step 10 and should have the white plastic bushing installed. Do not completely tighten the screws.
- 20. Insert the inner door into the lower hinge with the latch to the left. Align the door to chamber opening and place upper hinge in position. This was the lower inner door hinge removed in Step 12 with the black plastic bushing installed.
- 21. Insert the screws into the hinge but do not completely tighten them.
- 22. Match the pins on the yellow connector with the socket on the door. Press the connector completely into the socket and slide the strain relief down until no yellow is visible on the plug (Figure 5-6).
- 23. Slide the electronics drawer back in, being very careful to place the door heater cable back into the provided slot so that the drawer does not pinch the cable (Figure 5-6). Secure the electronics drawer with the screws removed above.



- 24. Align the door by checking that the gasket is making contact with the glass door, on the latching side, top and bottom. When you close the door you can feel where the glass door is making contact with the gasket. The gasket should be making contact against the glass door and not overlapping onto the metal frame.
- 25. When both inner door hinges are in place with the hinge screws still loosened, push up on the bottom hinge. This will shift both hinges and the inner door upward. Tighten the hinge screws.
- 26. Attach the strike plate, aligning it so the knob secures the door against the gasket.
- 27. Re-install the hinge pins.
- 28. Install the nylon screws in the previously upper and lower inner hinge locations.
- 29. Mount the outer door onto the hinge pins. Close the door to verify that the door is located properly. Open and hold the outer door in place while tightening the hinge screws before closing the door.

#### Reversing the Door Swing (continued)

#### **Replacing Fuses**

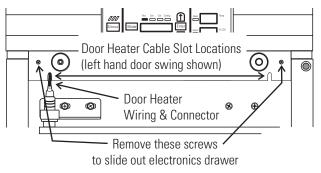
30. Plug the power cord back into unit and the the dedicated, grounded circuit. Turn power switch on. Allow the unit to run until the temperature stabilizes. Check for proper unit operation, especially inner door heater and gasket seal. Clean and disinfect the unit before returning to service.

**Warning** The electronics drawer contains hazardous voltages. Replacing the fuses should be performed by qualified personnel only. If the unit has been in service, disconnect the power cord from both the unit and the power source, turn off all gas regulators, disconnect all tubing and any other connections from the rear of the electronics drawer. s



There are three fuses in the incubator that can be replaced. To replace a fuse:

- 1. Open the exterior cabinet door.
- 2. Remove two screws as shown. See Figure 5-7.





3. Carefully slide out electronics drawer.

There are two fuses on the main microboard labeled F1 (for 24 VAC Door Heater) and F4 (for 24 VAC Collar Heater). Refer to Figure 5-8 for the location of the main microboard. Remove the fuse and replace it with a new one of the same specification. Refer to Table 5-1.

## Replacing Fuses (continued)

Table 5-1. Fuses	and Specifications
------------------	--------------------

Fuse #	Manufacturer Part #	Amperage Rating	Rupture Speed	IEC Letter Code
F1	BUSS GMC-3.5 A	3.5 Amp	Time-Lag	Т
F4	BUSS GMC-2.5 A	2.5 Amp	Time-Lag	Т
115 VAC ACC	BUSS GMC-1.0 A	1.0 Amp	Time-Lag	Т
230 VAC ACC	BUSS BK-GMC-500 mA	0.5 Amp	Time-Lag	Т

The other replaceable fuse is the accessory outlet fuse mounted to the floor of the electronics drawer. To locate the fuse, refer to Figure 5-8. Remove the fuse and replace with a new one of the same specification.

- 1. When the fuse has been replaced, slide the electronics drawer back in, being very careful to place the door heater cable back into the provided slot (Figure 5-7) so that the drawer does not pinch the cable.
- 2. Replace the two screws removed earlier.
- 3. Close the exterior door.
- 4. Plug the power cord back into unit and dedicated, grounded circuit.
- 5. Turn on power switch. If the unit operates properly, it may now be returned to service.

There is one fuse in the incubator that is not replaceable. This fuse is intended for catastrophic failure only and is located on the power supply circuit board in the electronics drawer. See Figure 5-8. If this fuse is blown, the power supply must be replaced. Contact the factory for more information.

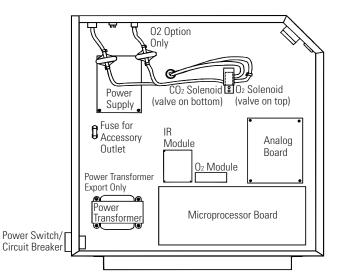


Figure 5-8. Electronics Drawer

#### HEPA Filter Maintenance

#### Replacing Air Sample Filter

## Replacing Access Port Filter

## Draining Water Jacket

Replace the HEPA filter when the REPLACE HEPA reminder is displayed by following the Installing HEPA Filter procedures of Section 1. Carefully pull down the HEPA filter to remove, and discard it per local EHS policies and procedures. Afterwards, clear the visible alarm and display, and reset the timer by following the NEW HEPA Filter procedures of Section 3. The REPLACE HEPA reminder can be set to alarm after a specified time from 1 to 12 months. The reminder default is the factory recommended setting of 6 months. For details, see Section 3.

The air sample filter should be replaced whenever the HEPA filter is replaced. On the inside of the chamber, inserted into the back of the blower scroll, is the air sample filter and its connecting tubing. Disengage the tubing from the back of the scroll, then remove the filter from the tubing and discard per local EHS policies and procedures. Install the new filter. Connect it securely to the air sample filter tubing, then insert the tubing into the back of the blower scroll.

The access port filter should be replaced whenever the HEPA filter is replaced. The filter is connected to the stopper in the upper left corner of the chamber back wall. Remove the filter from the connecting tube and discard per local EHS policies and procedures. Install the new filter.

**Note** Although the rust inhibitor is biodegradable, be certain to follow local EHS policies with regards to personal protective equipment, cleaning, and disposal.

**Caution** For stacked incubators, completely drain the top unit before draining the bottom unit in order to maintain the lowest possible center of gravity. s

- 1. Turn the unit off. Remove the plug from the power source.
- 2. Remove the front cover plate below the door. There are small flatblade screwdriver pry slots on each end of the plate to help remove it. See Figure 5-9.

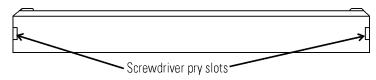


Figure 5-9. Front Cover Plate Below the Door

#### Draining Water Jacket (continued)

- 3. If present, remove the drain plug.
- 4. Connect the hose barb insert to the drain on lower front of the water jacket and to the drain hose.

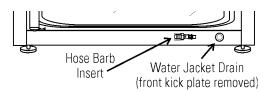


Figure 5-10. Water Jacket Drain and Hose Barb Insert

5. After water jacket has finished draining, Pre remove the hose barb insert and secure on the front of the unit. See Figures 5-10 and 5-11.

Press to release

Figure 5-11. Hose Barb Insert

**Warning** After the jacket is empty, be certain to clean up any water that may have spilled onto the floor during this process to prevent a possible slip hazard. s

- 6. Install cover plate.
- 7. To fill the water jacket, see Section 1. Be sure to add the rust inhibitor to the water when filling. Instructions follow in this section.

Model 3100 Series incubators are shipped from the factory with a rust inhibitor added to 0.2 gallons (0.8 liters) of water in the jacket. The rust inhibitor must be replenished every 2 years. Mix 1 bag/bottle of the rust inhibitor with 1 gallon (3.8 liters) of water (quality as described in Filling Water Jacket, Section 1).

Test the liquid level switch by draining 1.5 gallons (5.7 liters) of water from the jacket per Draining Water Jacket instructions above. If the message center does not display ADD WATER, then the liquid level switch could be faulty. Call Technical Services.

Add the rust inhibitor/water solution to the water jacket and continue to fill the jacket per Filling Water Jacket, Section 1.

Rust Inhibitor (0.5 lb.) bag	1900100
Rust Inhibitor (800ml) bottle (use in units with a cooling coil)	1900101

#### Adding /Replenishing Rust Inhibitor

## **Replacing O2 Sensor**

**Warning** Handle the  $O_2$  sensor fuel cell very carefully as it can be easily damaged. Do not install the  $O_2$  sensor fuel cell if its shipping box is damaged or it has fallen on the floor as mechanical shock or vibration may cause irreversible internal structural damage to the  $O_2$  sensor fuel cell. Do not disassemble the  $O_2$  sensor fuel cell as there are no user-serviceable adjustments. If the liquid electrolyte leaks due to sensor breakage, care should be taken in handling the sensor as the solution contains lead acetate which is harmful to humans. s

**Warning** Contact with this liquid should be avoided. In case the liquid electrolyte contacts the skin or clothing, wash with soapy water and rinse generously with plain water. If the liquid electrolyte contacts the eye, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and obtain immediate medical assistance. In case of breathing in of the electrolyte, flush the nasal cavity thoroughly with water and seek immediate medical assistance. If the electrolyte is swallowed, rinse the mouth thoroughly with water and seek immediate medical assistance. s

The  $O_2$  sensor is located on the blower scroll plate in the chamber of the unit. To replace it, see Figure 5-12 and 5-13 and follow the steps below.

**Warning** If the unit has been in service, disconnect the power cord from both the unit and the power source, turn off all gas regulators and allow the unit to cool before replacing the  $O_2$  sensor fuel cell. s

- 1. Remove the top duct by removing 2 wingnuts.
- 2. Locate the sensor on the scroll plate.

**Warning** Before removing the old O<sub>2</sub> sensor fuel cell, inspect it for any visual signs of damage. If the liquid electrolyte is leaking, follow local EHS policies with regards to personal protective equipment, cleaning and disposal. s

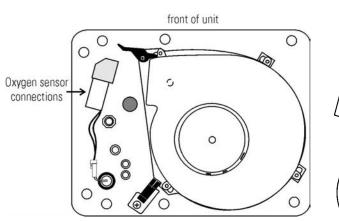


Figure 5-12. Underside View of Top of Chamber

Figure 5-13. Detail

Enlarged to show detail

Oxyger

Sensor

#### Replacing O<sub>2</sub> Sensor (continued)

- 3. Lift up slightly on the tab securing the sensor wire terminal connection. Be careful not to break the locking tab off. See enlarged detail of Figure 5-13.
- 4. Disconnect the connectors from each other.
- 5. The O<sub>2</sub> sensor fuel is screwed into the brass fitting. Unscrew the old sensor and discard per local EHS policies and procedures.

**Warning** Before installing the new  $O_2$  sensor fuel cell, inspect it for any visual signs of damage. If the liquid electrolyte is leaking, handle per local EHS policies with regards to personal protective equipment, cleaning, and disposal. s

- 6. Screw the new  $O_2$  sensor fuel cell in firmly. Be careful not to cross-thread.
- 7. Orient the connectors as shown in Figure 5-13 and connect.
- 8. Install the top duct and tighten the two wingnuts.
- 9. Plug the power cord into the unit and the dedicated, grounded circuit. Turn the power switch on.
- 10. Calibrate the  ${\rm O}_2$  system using the  ${\rm O}_2$  CAL@20.7% method as described in Section 2.
- 11. Allow the unit to run until the temperature stabilizes. Check the  $\rm O_2$  and  $\rm CO_2$  operation and return the unit to service.

Section 6 Routine Maintenance

# Section 6 Factory Installed Options

#### Remote Alarm Contacts

A set of relay contacts are provided to monitor alarms through an RJ-11 telephone style connector on the back of the cabinet. Refer to Figure 1-13 for the location of the alarm connector.

The remote alarm provides a NO (normally open) output, a NC (normally closed) output and COM (common). Refer to Figure 6-1.

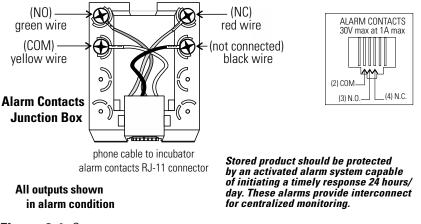


Figure 6-1. Contacts

The contacts will trip on a power outage or an over temperature condition. The contacts may also be programmed to trip or not trip on temperature alarms, CO<sub>2</sub> alarms, O<sub>2</sub> alarms and RH alarm. See Section 3, System Configuration.

**Note** After connecting the incubator to the external alarm system, verify proper alarm operation by simply placing the incubator power switch to its off position to simulate a power outage condition.

### Connecting the RS485 Interface (190523)



All incubator models can be purchased with the RS485 communications option. This option allows the incubator to be directly connected to a Model 1535 alarm system without the use of a communications module. A junction box is provided with each RS485 option. Refer to Figure 6-2 for wiring details.

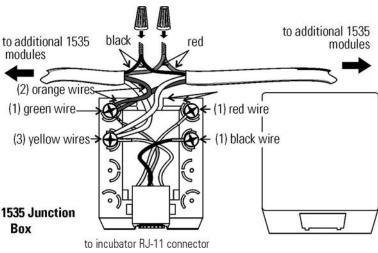


Figure 6-2. Wiring

To allow the incubator and the 1535 to communicate, an address must be allocated on the 1535. Refer to the 1535 operating manual. The same address number must be assigned to the incubator. Refer to Section 3 of this manual, System Configuration.

**Note** After connecting the Model 1535 Alarm System to the incubator, verify that there are no RS485 communication errors per the Model 1535 operating manual. Simulate incubator failures of each module to verify proper Model 1535 operation.

### Connecting Analog Output Boards



The analog output board option allows the incubator to output analog signals representing the air temperature of the cabinet, the CO<sub>2</sub> content, the O<sub>2</sub> content, and the relative humidity, depending upon which systems are in the incubator. There are three different analog output board options available : 0-1 V, 0-5 V, or 4-20 mA signals. Negative display readings will output 0 V. See Table 6-1 for output specifications of the three boards.

#### Table 6-1. Analog Output Board Specifications

	190512 4-20mA Output Scaling 4-20mA Equals	190544 0-1V Output Scaling 0-1V Equals	190543 0-5V Output Scaling 0-5V Equals
Temp	00-100°C	0.0-100°C	0.0-100°C
RH	0-100%RH	0-100%RH	0-100%RH
CO2	0.0-100.0%CO@	0-100.0%CO2	0-100.0%CO@
02	0.0-100.0%02	0-100.0%02	0-100.0%02

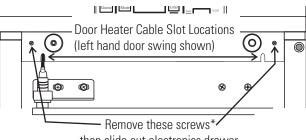
For the 0-1 V and 0-5 V boards, the recording device must supply a load >/=1000 ohm. For the 4-20 mA board, the recorder must supply a load of </=100 ohm. The outputs do not have isolated grounds.

To wire in the analog output board, a 22-gauge, 3-conductor shielded cable (Part # 73041) is recommended, maximum length 50 ft (15.2 m).

**Warning** The electronics drawer contains hazardous voltages. Opening the drawer and/or wiring in an analog board should be performed by qualified personnel only. If the unit has been in service, disconnect the power cord from both the unit and the power source, turn off all gas regulators, and disconnect all tubing and any other connections from the rear of the electronics drawer. s

### Connecting Analog Output Boards (cont.)

1. Open the exterior cabinet door and remove the two screws shown in Figure 6-3.



then slide out electronics drawer

#### Figure 6-3. Screw Locations

- 2. Carefully slide out electronics drawer and locate the Analog Output board (Figure 6-4).
- 3. Each system monitored (Temp, CO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, RH) requires two conductors. Feed the wire through the analog wiring inlet on the back of the drawer. See Figure 6-5.

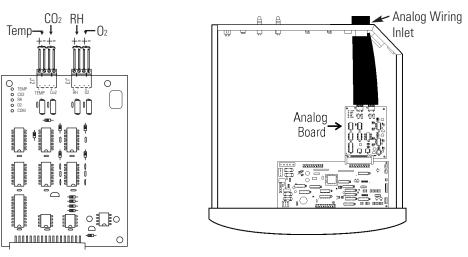


Figure 6-4. Analog Output Board Figure 6-5. Analog Wiring Inlet

- 4. Strip the ends of each conductor and wire to the appropriate terminals of connectors J2 and J3 on the analog board.
- 5. When wiring is completed, slide the electronics drawer back in being very careful to place the door heater cable back into the provided slot so that the drawer does not pinch the cable. See Figure 6-3.
- 6. Replace the two screws removed earlier.

**Note** Accuracy of the analog outputs measured at the circuit board terminal strip with respect to the incubator display is  $\pm 1$  unit. There is no calibration of the analog outputs by the incubator, so the instrument(s) connected to the analog outputs must be calibrated to match the incubator display before returning to service.

### Gas Guard for CO<sub>2</sub> or N<sub>2</sub> (190640/190642)

Model 3100 Series incubators can be equipped with a built-in gas guard system that will operate with either a  $CO_2$  or a  $N_2$  gas supply. Only one gas guard can be installed on each unit. The gas guard uses two pressure switches to continuously monitor the pressures of two independent  $CO_2$  or  $N_2$  supplies and automatically switches from one supply to the other when the supply pressure drops below 10 psig (68.95 kPa). The gas guard is not designed to be used with multiple incubators.

Both of the CO<sub>2</sub> or the N<sub>2</sub> gas supplies must be equipped with two-stage pressure regulators. The high pressure gauge at the tank should have a 0-2000 psig range and the low pressure gauge should have a 0-30 psig range. The gas supply to the incubator must be maintained at 15 psig (103.4 kPa) maximum. Gas pressures below 15 psig (103.4 kPa) may cause nuisance alarms to occur on incubators equipped with the built-in Gas Guard.

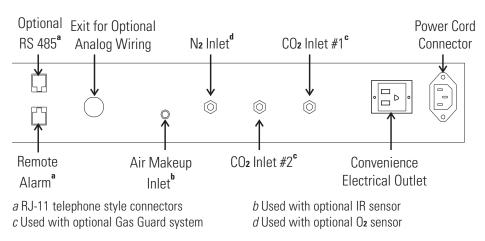


Figure 6-6. Unit Back with All Connections

### Connecting CO2 Gas Supplies

The CO<sub>2</sub> inlets for a built-in gas guard are located on the rear of the electronics drawer (Figure 6-6). Using 1/4" ID tubing, connect one of the CO<sub>2</sub> supply tanks to the fitting labeled CO<sub>2</sub> Inlet #1. Connect the second CO<sub>2</sub> supply tank to the fitting labeled CO<sub>2</sub> Inlet #2. Install 3/8" hose clamps to secure the 1/4" ID tubing to the barbed fittings on the regulator and the rear of the electronics drawer.

Warning Check for leaks at all connections. s

Connecting N2 Gas Supplies	<b>Important</b> When using Nitrogen (N2), the gas inlet labels on the back panel will be different than the standard configuration shown in Figure 6-6 as follows; (from left to right) CO2 INLET, N2 INLET #2, and N2 INLET #1. s
	The N <sub>2</sub> inlets for a built-in gas guard are located on the rear of the electronics drawer (see Figure 6-6). Using 1/4" ID tubing, connect one of the N <sub>2</sub> supply tanks to the fitting labeled N2 Inlet #1. Connect the second N <sub>2</sub> supply tank to the fitting labeled N2 Inlet #2. Install 3/8" hose clamps to secure the $1/4$ " ID tubing to the barbed fittings on the regulator and the rear of the electronics drawer.
	Warning Check for leaks at all connections. s
De-activating Built-in Gas Guard	The built-in Gas Guard is turned ON when shipped from the factory. In addition, the Tank Select for the gas guard is specified as Tank 1 when shipped. Refer to Section 3, Configuration, to de-activate the Gas Guard or change the Tank Select from 1 to 2. If the operator does not want to use the Gas Guard, the incubator functions normally by supplying $CO_2$ (or N <sub>2</sub> ) through the CO2 Inlet #1 (or the N2 Inlet #1).
Operation of CO2 or N2 Gas Guard	With the Gas Guard in operation, the incubator will use the gas supplied through CO2 (or N2) Inlet #1 until the pressure drops below approximately 10 psig. At this time, the Gas Guard automatically switches to the gas supplied through CO2 (or N2) Inlet #2.
	In addition, the incubator automatically changes the Tank Sel in Configure mode from 1 to 2 to indicate that the incubator is now using gas supplied through CO2 (or N2) Inlet # 2. If the gas supply to CO2 (or N2) Inlet #1 is replenished, the incubator will continue to operate using the gas supplied through CO2 (or N2) Inlet #2 unless the operator changes the Tank Select from 2 to 1 through the Configuration mode. Refer to Section 3, Configuration.
	An audible alarm and two visual alarms occur on the control panel when the gas guard switches from one supply to the other. The audible alarm will sound until the operator presses the Silence key on the control panel. A visual alarm in the Message Center will read Tank 1 Low while the audible alarm is sounding, but will be removed after the operator presses the Silence key.

### Operation of CO<sub>2</sub> or N<sub>2</sub> Gas Guard (cont.)

Neither of the audible and visual alarms described above ring back once the Silence key is pressed. However, there is a second visual alarm, Tank Low, that illuminates in red below the Silence key on the control panel when either of the two gas supplies fall below 10 psig (68.95 kPa). The Tank Low remains illuminated as long as the gas guard detects a low pressure on either of the gas supply lines. This message is a reminder for the operator to replace or check for insufficient gas supply to the incubator.

If the gas guard does not detect an adequate gas supply at the CO2 (or N2) Inlet #1 or CO2 (or N2) Inlet #2, a visual and audible alarm will again occur on the control panel. The visual alarm in the Message Center will read Tank 1&2 Low. The audible alarm will continue to ring until the Silence key is pressed. The audible alarm will ring back every 15 minutes after the alarm is silenced, if the Gas Guard continues to detect that both gas supply pressures are below 10 psig (68.95 kPa).

### Humidity Readout (190643)

The 3100 Series incubators can be equipped with a humidity sensor to monitor the relative humidity (RH) inside the chamber. The sensor is mounted to the top air duct and provides a signal that is displayed in 1% increments on the control panel. The humidity readout can be displayed continuously or toggles with the temperature readout. In addition, a low alarm limit can be set on the humidity readout which will detect when the humidity pan runs dry. Refer to Section 3, Configuration.

Factors Affecting Humidity Level in Chamber:

- Water level in the humidity pan
- Frequency of door openings
- Humidity pan location; floor, shelf, in duct
- Flooded bottom of chamber
- Air leakage through the gaskets
- Gas sample port capped
- Standard HEPA filter or VOC HEPA2 filter or air flow restrictor plate
- N<sub>2</sub> purge on incubators with O<sub>2</sub> control.
- Humidity levels in  $O_2$  units (Models 3130/3131, 3140/3141) will be reduced, depending on the amount of  $N_2$  required to control the  $O_2$  level in the chamber.

# Humidity Readout (190643) continued

The following table lists some typical RH levels at different  $\mathrm{O}_2$  and  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  percentages.

02%	CO2%	RH% (±5%)
1%	2.5%	55%
2%	5%	60%
5%	10%	75%
10%	10%	80%
21%	5%	95%

Table 6-2. Typical RH levels

Incubators equipped with a Thermal Conductivity CO<sub>2</sub> sensor rely on a constant level of relative humidity in order to accurately measure and control the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration in the incubator.

The humidity sensor is capable of measuring relative humidity from 10% to 100% with an accuracy of  $\pm 5\%$  above 90%. See Section 2, Calibration for details on calibrating the humidity readout.

### Cooling Coil

**Note** For customer convenience, 12 ft. of 3/8" I.D. vinyl tubing with 4 clamps is included in the shipping materials.

The operating (setpoint) temperature range of the incubator with the cooling coil installed is from  $+5^{\circ}$ C above ambient down to  $+15^{\circ}$ C.

The cooling coil incubator incorporates a finned, U-shaped copper pipe installed within the water jacket. This pipe routes chilled water supplied by a laboratory bath. (Be aware that your bath may not be set to restart after a power failure. Read the manufacturer's operating instructions.)

Verify that the supply line pressure does not exceed 20 psig (138 KPa).

When the cooling coil is in use, several factors affect the uniformity inside the incubator chamber: the temperature difference between the operating temperature set point and the bath water temperature; the flow rate of the chilled water, and the on-time percentage of the door heaters.

### Cooling Coil (continued)

As determined in carefully controlled laboratory tests, the smaller the difference between the temperature of the bath and the setpoint temperature of the incubator, the better the uniformity. However, decreasing this temperature difference does cause less control of the system because if the bath does not cool the water jacket adequately, the heaters do not cycle and the chamber temperature simply drifts with the ambient temperature of the room.

Tests have shown that as a starting point, operating the bath at 2°C to 3°C below the incubator's operating setpoint temperature, with a cooling water flow rate of 1/2 to 1 GPM (gallons per minute), should result in good control and uniformity.

**Caution** Because of the efficiency of the cooling coil design, it is possible for condensation to occur on the outside of the incubator's water jacket when operating in certain ambient temperature and relative humidity conditions. The condensation will then saturate the fiberglass insulation between the water jacket and the incubator cabinet. s

**Warning** Clean up any condensation that may leak out onto the floor to prevent a possible slip hazard. s

Using psychometric data from the Carrier<sup>®</sup> Psychometric Chart, curves of maximum allowable RH versus ambient temperature can be plotted for different incubator/bath conditions (see Figure 6-7).

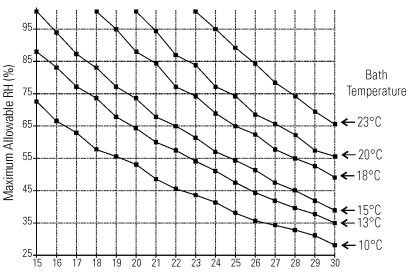


Figure 6-7. RH Limits to Avoid Water Jacket Condensation

For example, if the bath is to be operated at 15°C and the ambient temperature is about 28°C, the RH in the room must be less than 45% to avoid condensation forming between the water jacket and the outside of the cabinet.

### Installing Cooling Coil Incubator

Hose barbs are factory installed into the fittings on the back of the cabinet, as shown below. They can be used as the water inlet or outlet to the bath. Locate the vinyl tubing and hose clamps shipped inside the incubator. Cut the tubing in half. The bath can be located up to six feet from the incubator.

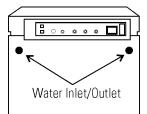


Figure 6-8. Back of Unit

## Section 7 Specifications

\*Specifications are based on nominal voltages of 115 V or 230 V in ambients of 22°C to 25°C.

#### Temperature

±0.1°C
+5C above ambient to +55C (models 3110, 3111)
+5C above ambient to +50C (models 3120, 3121)
above ambient to +45C (models 3130, 3131, 3140, 3141)
±0.2°C @ +37°C
Precision thermistor
User programmable high/low

\*Cooling coil option extends low end temperature range to 15°C

#### **Over Temperature Protection**

Sensor	Precision thermistor
Controller	Independent circuit
Setability	0.1°C
Range	Temp set point +0.5°C to 60°C
Tracking Alarm	Not user programmable

#### **CO**<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub>

CO <sub>2</sub> /O <sub>2</sub> Control	Better than ±0.1%
CO2 Range	0-20%
O2 Range	1-21%
Inlet Pressure	15 PSIG (103.4 kPa), maximum
CO2 Sensor	T/C or IR
O2 Sensor	Fuel Cell
Readability	0.1%
Setability	0.1%
Tracking Alarm	User programmable, high/low

#### Humidity

RH	Ambient to 95% @ +37°C (98.6°F)
Humidity Pan	0.8 gal. (3 liters) standard
Tracking Alarm	User programmable, low only
Optional Display	1% increments

Fittings Fill Port Drain Port Access Port CO<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> Inlets

3/8" barbed 3/8" barbed, quick-connect 1¼" (3.18 cm) removable neoprene plug 1/4" hose barbed

**Unit Heat Load** (typical @ +37°C)

115V/230V

344 BTUH (100 Watt)

#### **HEPA Filter**

Federal Standard 209E, Class 100 - maximum allowable number of particles 0.5 microns and larger per cubic foot of air \* full recovery within 5 minutes of door opening

Replacement Reminder	User programmable
Optional Filtration System	Volatile Organic Chemicals (VOC)

\*follow manufacturer's recommendations for regular filter replacement

#### Shelves

Dimensions	18.5" x 18.5" (47.0 cm x 47.0 cm)
Construction	Stainless steel, perforated, electropolished
Surface area	2.4 sq. ft. (0.22 sq. m) per shelf
Max. per Chamber	38.4 sq.ft. (3.6 sq. m)
Loading	35 lbs (16 kg) slide in and out, 50 lbs (23 kg) stationary
Standard #	3 (shipped with unit)
Maximum #	16

#### Construction

Water Jacket Volume	11.7 gal. (44.3 liters) typical
	13.0 gal. (49.2 liters) maximum
Interior Volume	6.5 cu. ft. (184.1 liters)
Interior	Type 304, mirror finish, stainless steel
Exterior	18 gauge, cold rolled steel, powder coated
Outer Door Gasket	Four-sided, molded magnetic vinyl
Inner Door Gasket	Removable, cleanable, feather-edged, silicone

#### Electrical

115V Models 230V Models Circuit Breaker/Power Switch Convenience Receptacle 115 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 1 PH, 3.6 FLA 230 VAC, 50/60 Hz, I PH, 2.0 FLA 6 Amp/2 Pole 75 Watts max. (one per chamber)

#### **Electrical (continued)**

Remote Alarm Contacts	Power interruption, over temperature, deviation of temp., CO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , and RH, customer connections through jack on back of unit. 30 V, 1 A max.
Optional Data Outputs	RS-485, 0-1 V, 0-5 V, 4-20 mA

#### Dimensions

Interior21.3" W x 26.8" H x 20.0" F-B, (54.1 cm x 68.1 cm x 50.8 cm)Exterior26.3" W x 39.5" H x 25.0" F-B, (66.8 cm x 100.3 cm x 63.5 cm)

#### Weight (per unit)

Net	265 lb. (120.2 kg) before filling water jacket
Net Operational	365 lb. (165.6 kg) after filling water jacket
Shipping	324 lb. (147.0 kg)

#### Certifications

Thermo Fisher Scientific declares that the applicable CE marked models meet the provisions of the following EC directives.

204/108/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive

2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive

2011/65/EU RoHS Directive

CE Declarations are available upon request from the factory.

#### Safety Specifications

Indoor Use Only	
Altitude	Up to 2000 meters
Temperature	5°C to 40°C
Humidity	Maximum 80% RH for temperatures up to 31°C, decreasing linearly to 50% RH at 40°C, non-condensing
Mains Supply Fluct	uations Not to exceed ±10% of the nominal voltage
Installation Categor	y 21
Pollution Degree 2 <sup>2</sup>	
Class of Equipment	1
Installation Categor Pollution Degree 2 <sup>2</sup>	uations Not to exceed $\pm 10\%$ of the nominal voltage y $2^1$

1 Installation category (overvoltage category) defines the level of transient overvoltage which the instrument is designed to withstand safely. It depends on the nature of the electricity supply and its overvoltage protection means. For example, in CAT II which is the category used for instruments in installations supplied from a supply comparable to public mains such as hospital and research laboratories and most industrial laboratories, the expected transient overvoltage is 2500 V for a 230 V supply and 1500 V for a 120 V supply.

2 Pollution Degree describes the amount of conductive pollution present in the operating environment. Pollution Degree 2 assumes that normally only non-conductive pollution such as dust occurs with the exception of occasional conductivity caused by condensation.

Section 7 Specifications

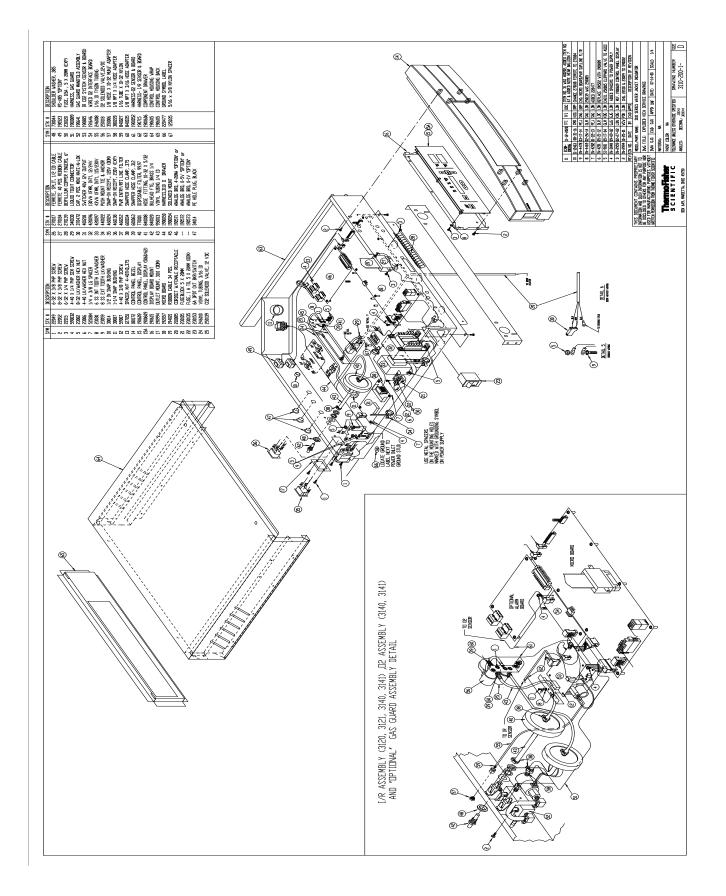
# Section 8 Spare Parts

All Models	Part #	Description
	360171	Liquid Level Switch
	191534	Feather Gasket
	113002	5/16-18 Glide Foot
	132046	115/230 V Dual Heater
	132049	Face Heater 40 W, 24 VAC
	1900203	Heated Inner Door
	190619	Left Inner Door Hinge
	190618	Right Inner Door Hinge
	700013	0.500" Flanged Nylon Bearing
	990026	Door Gasket w/ Magnet
	290184	Temp Probe 2252 Ohm
	192057	Micro Board (for Release 7 units)
	400218	12 VDC Single Output Power Supply (Release 7 units)
	190609	Display Board Assembly
	230153	6 A Circuit Breaker/Switch
	460157	Line Filter/Power Inlet
	420096	130VA Transformer, 12/24 V
	230159	3.5 Amp Fuse - Microboard
	230158	2.5 Amp Fuse - Microboard
	250087	Solenoid Valve Kit w/assorted fittings
	1900071	Blower Motor Replacement Kit
	100113	Blower Wheel 3.5 x 1.5 CCW
	190846	Blower Scroll Assembly
	103072	Blower Plate Gasket
	1900601	Service Kit (P/N 290090 T/C type CO2 sensor assembly)
	103074	CO2 Sensor Plate Gasket
	130097	#6 Silicone Stopper w/ 3/8" Hole
	180001	Polypropylene Funnel
	117044	Fill Port Cap
	2270107	Micro Board/Power Supply Kit (to replace Micro Board P/N 191634, Release 5 & 6 units)

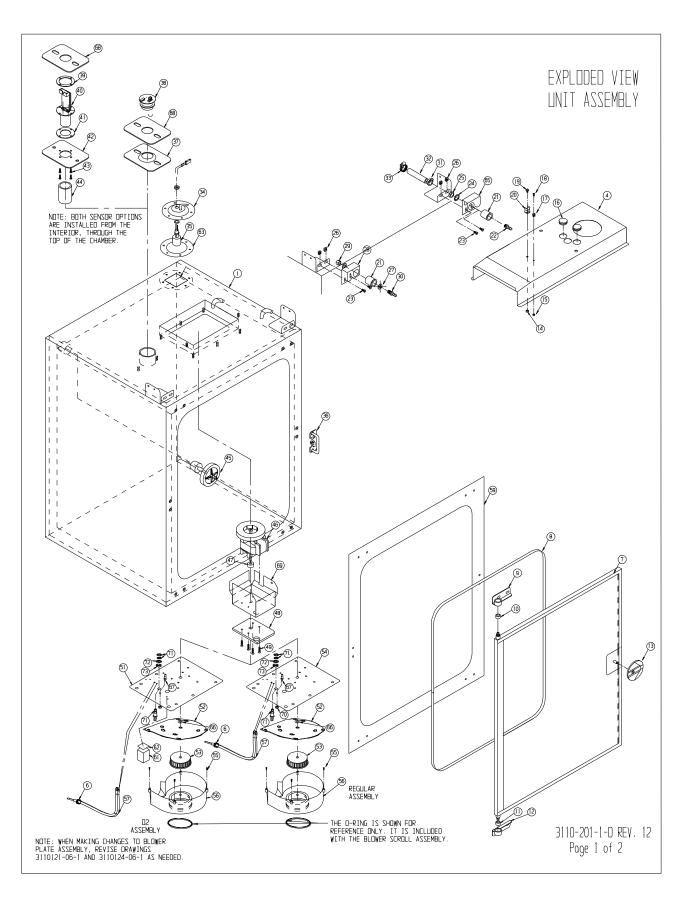
All Models (continued)	Part #	Description
	770001	Bacterial Air Filter (CO <sub>2</sub> line, gas guard, sample, access port)
	760210	10 Bacterial Air Filters (770001)
	760175	HEPA Filter
	760209	HEPA Value Pack of 4 Filters (760175)
	760200	HEPA2 VOC Filter
	760199	HEPA2 VOC Filter Accessory Kit (760200 HEPA2, 117036 silicone plug, 101018 O-ring)
	1900067	Filter Replacement Kit ([2] 770001 filter and 760175 HEPA)
	1900094	HEPA2 VOC Filter Replacement Kit (760200 HEPA2, 190985 access port filter assembly, 770001 filter)
	1900123	Air Flow Restrictor Plate
	190651	Decontamination Kit
	190566	Inner Door Heater Cable
	400201	40 W Switcher Kit (replaces triple output power supply
		P/N 400119, for units prior to Release 7)
	1900548	Exterior Door Assembly SRO
Spare Parts - 115 V	460024	115 V Convenience Outlet
(3110, 3120, 3130, 3140)	230135	1.0 A Fuse for Convenience Outlet
	430108	Line Cord (North America 125V/15A)
Spare Parts - 230 V	420097	43VA Transformer
(3111, 3121, 3131, 3141)	460138	Power Outlet, Snap-In Receptacle
	230120	1/2 AMP Fuse for 230 V outlet
	430109	Line Cord (Continental Europe)
	430111	Line Cord (Denmark)
	430112	Line Cord (Italy)
	430113	Line Cord (Switzerland)
	430114	Line Cord (United Kingdom)
	430115	Line Cord (India)
	430116	Line Cord (Israel)
	430118	Line Cord (Australia)
	430367	Line Cord (China)

Spare Parts - IR or O2	190885	IR Sensor		
(3120/3121, 3130/3131,	191646	O2 Circuit Boa	ard	
3140/3141)	250119	AC Solenoid		
	770001		Filter (CO2 line, gas guard, sample and	
		access port)		
	250118		2, 12 VDC, 4 W	
	290083	O2 Sensor Fu		
	190661	IR Sensor Filt	er	
	110065	Sample Port	Сар	
Spare Parts - Gas Guard	250121	Solenoid Valv	ve, 3-way, 12 VDC	
(190640/190642)	360213	Pressure Swi	tch	
Spare Parts - Humidity Readout (190643)	290154	RH Sensor As	ssembly, 1 ft.	
Spare Parts - Data Output	190512	Analog Outpu	ut Board 4-20 mA	
Options	190543	Analog Outpu	ut Board 0-5 V	
	190544	Analog Outpu	ut Board 0-1 V	
	73041	22 Gauge, 3 (	Conductor, Shielded Cable	
	190523	RS485 Outpu	t Kit	
Field Installation Kits for	Gas Guard Kit, CO	2 & N2	1900061	
qualified service personnel	Humidity Sensor H	Kit	1900062	
	RS-485 Output Kit		1900043	
	Analog Output* K		1900044	
	Analog Output* K		1900045	
	Analog Output* K		1900046	
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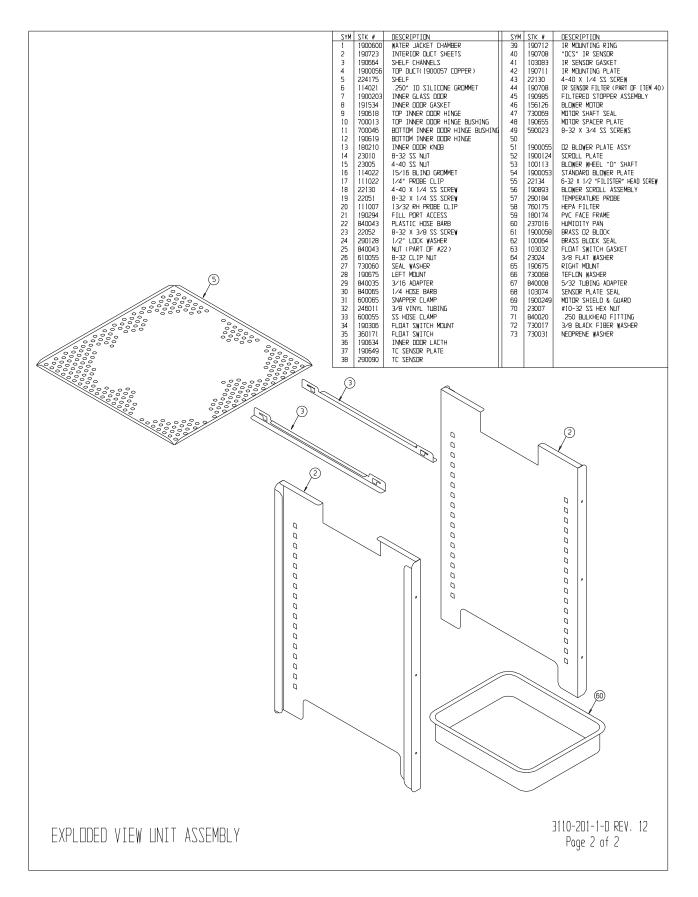
\* select only one type of optional analog output

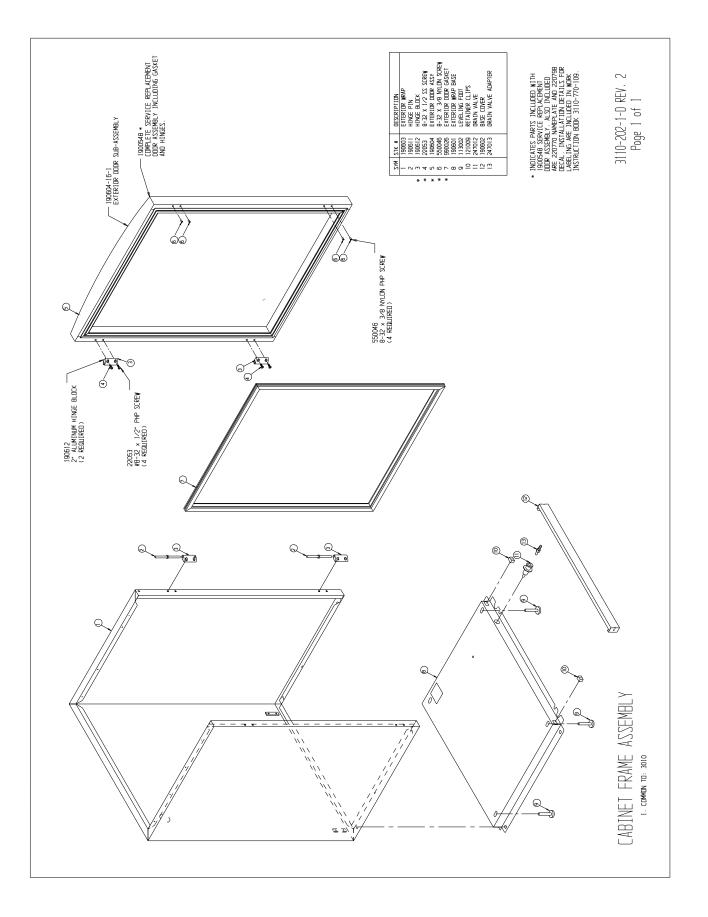


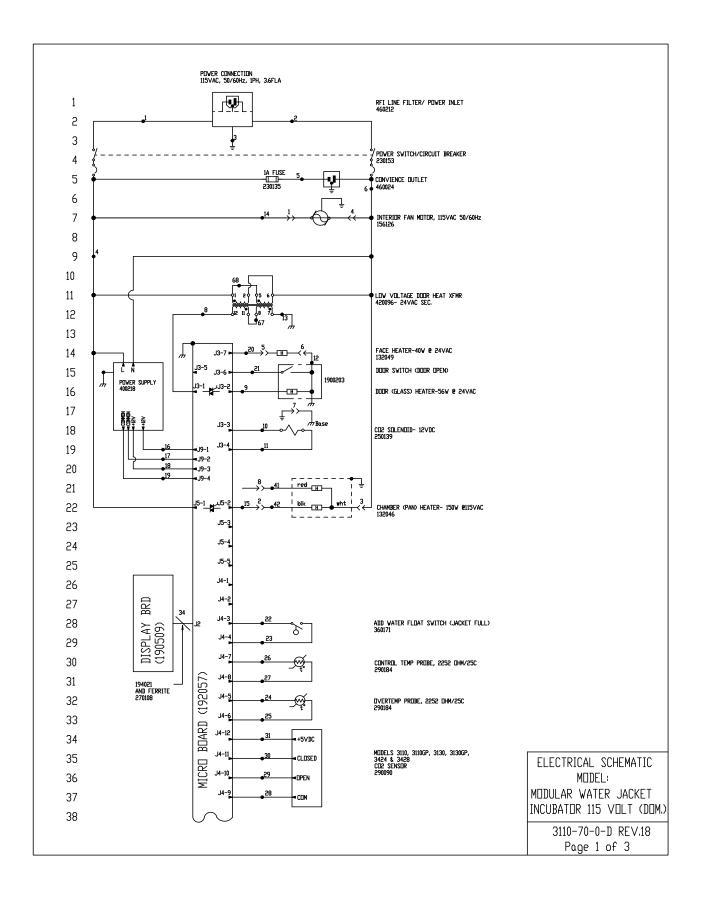
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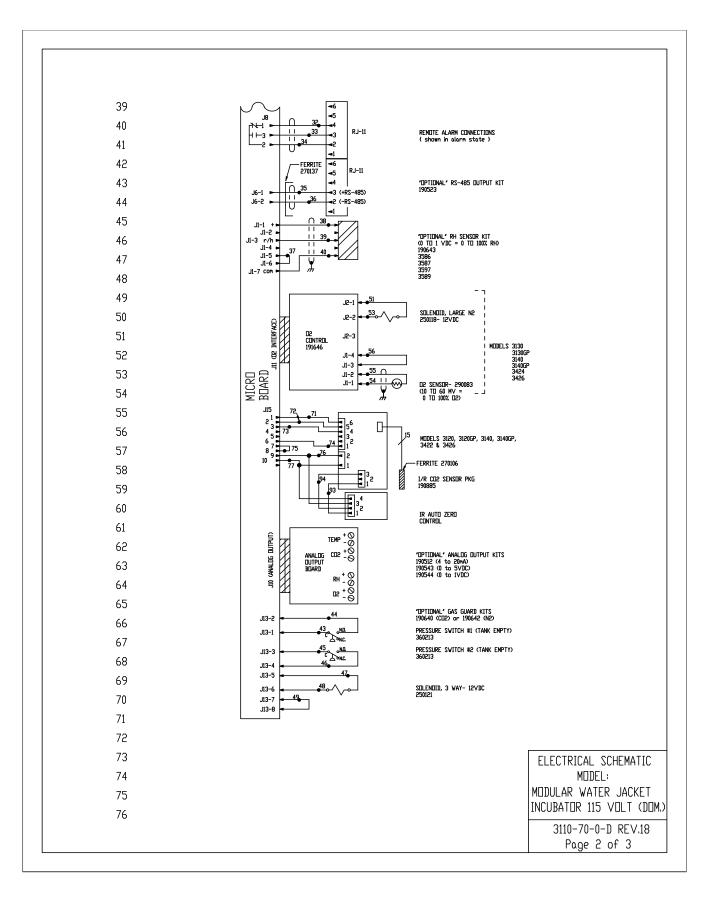


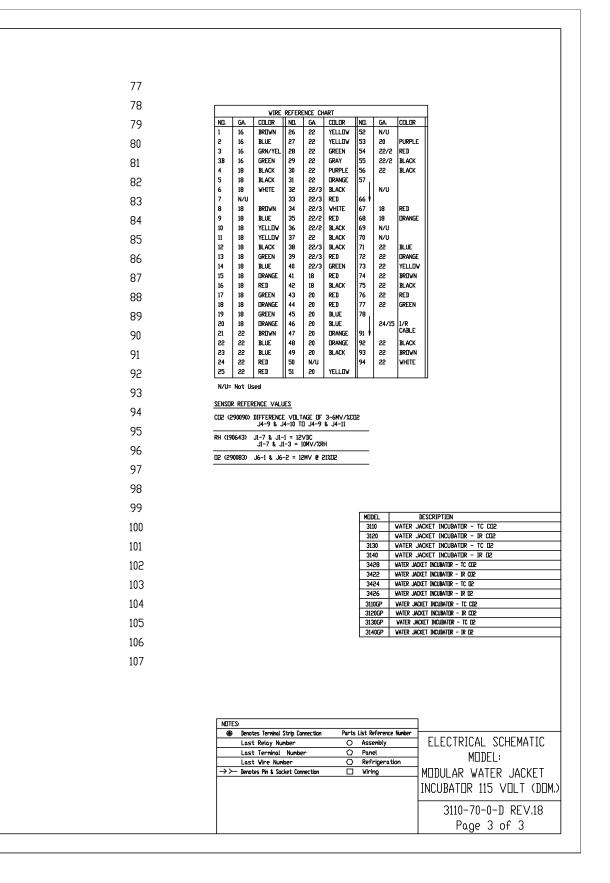
#### Section 8 Spare Parts

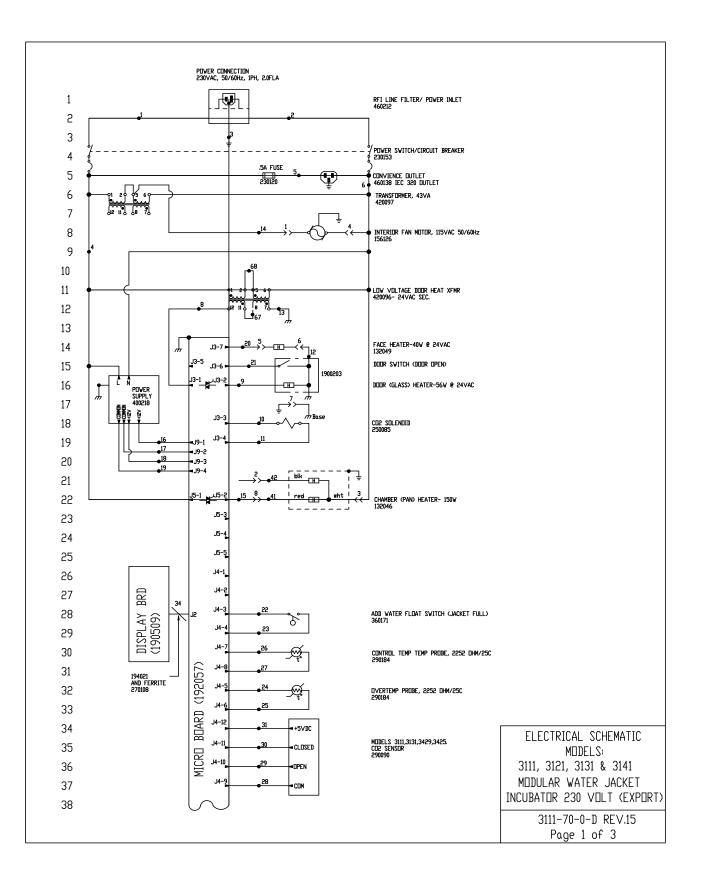


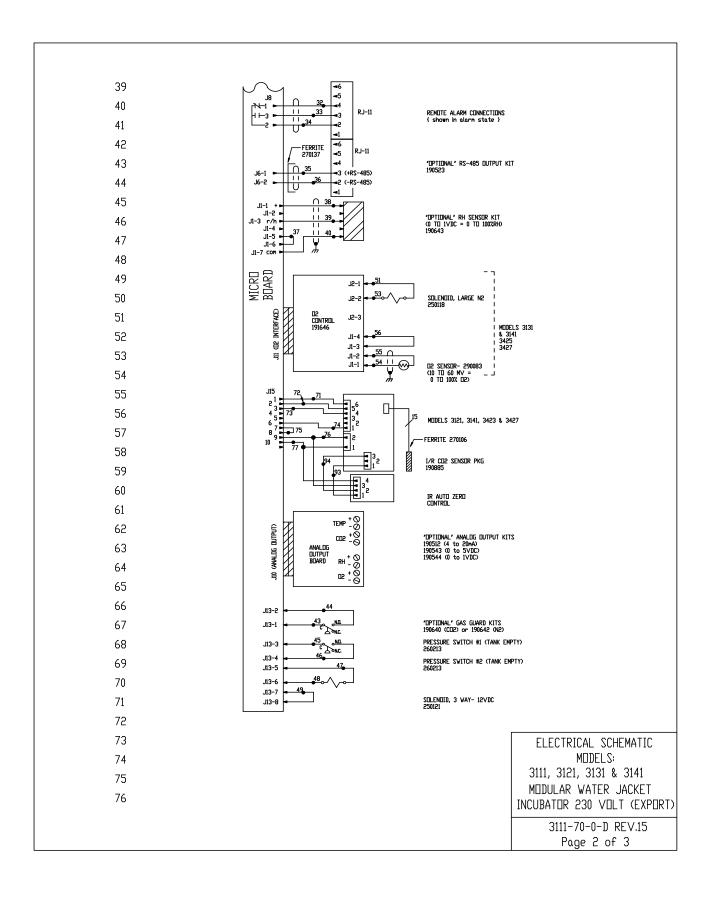










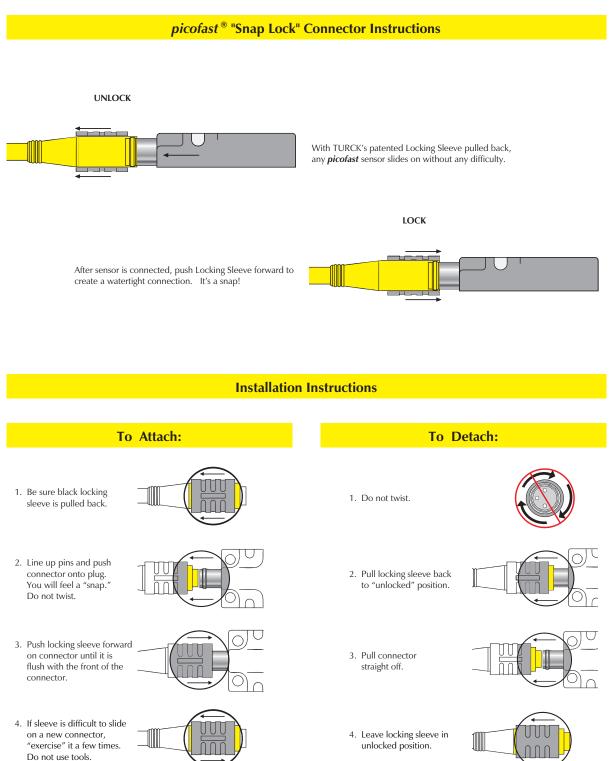


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30	1 2	16 16	BREIWN BLUE	26 27	55 55	YELLOW	52 53	N/U 20	PURPLE			
	3	16	GRN/YEL	28	22	GREEN	54	22/2	RED			
31	3B 4	16 18	green Black	29 30	22 22	gray Purple	55 56	22/2 22	Black Black			
32	5	18	BLACK	31	22	DRANGE	57		BLACK			
	6	18	WHITE	32	22/3	BLACK		N/U				
33	7	N/U 18	BREWN	33 34	22/3 22/3	red White	66 <b>†</b> 67	18	RED			
34	9	18	BLUE	35	22/2	RED	68	18	DRANGE			
35	10 11	18 18	YELLOW	36 37	22/2 22	Black Black	69 70	N/U 22	BLACK			
	12	18	BLACK	38	22/3	BLACK	71	22	BLUE			
36	13 14	18 18	green Blue	39 40	22/3 22/3	red Green	72 73	22 22	ORANGE YELLOW			
37	15	18	URANGE	41	18	RED	74	22	BREWN			
	16	18	RED	42	18	BLACK	75	22	BLACK			
88	17 18	18 18	green Drange	43 44	20 20	RED RED	76 77	22 22	RED GREEN			
39	19	18	GREEN	45	20	BLUE	78		I/R			
	20 21	18 22	orange Brown	46 47	20 20	Blue Orange	91	24/15	CABLE			
90	22	22	BLUE	47 48	20	DRANGE	92	22	BLACK			
91	23	22	BLUE	49	20	BLACK	93	22	BREWN			
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The Warranty Period starts two weeks from the date your equipment is shipped from our facility. This allows shipping time so the warranty will go into effect at approximately the same time your equipment is delivered. The warranty protection extends to any subsequent owner during the first year warranty pranty period.
During the first year, component parts proven to be non-conforming in materials or workmanship will be repaired or replaced at Thermo's expense, including labor. In addition, after the initial warranty period of one year, the CO2 sensor (IR) will be warranted for a second year, parts only. The CO2 sensor (T/C) will be warranted for a second year, parts only. The CO2 sensor (T/C) will be warranted for four additional years for a total of five years, parts only. The water jacket chamber has a unit production lifetime war- ranty, parts only, against rust-through and leaks. Unit production life is defined as the period of time the current chamber design is in production, plus seven years. If corrosive chemicals are identified in the chamber, the warranty will be voided. Installation and calibration is not covered by this warranty agreement. The Technical Services Department must be contacted for warranty determination and direction prior to performance of any repairs. Expendable items, glass, filters and gaskets are excluded from this warranty.
Replacement or repair of components parts or equipment under this warranty shall not extend the warranty to either the equipment or to the component part beyond the original warranty period. The Technical Services Department must give prior approval for return of any components or equipment. At Thermo's option, all non-conforming parts must be returned to Thermo postage paid and replacement parts are shipped FOB destination.
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